

IND2601

(483032)

October/November 2015

AFRICAN CUSTOMARY LAW

Duration

2 Hours

100 Marks

EXAMINERS .

FIRST SECOND MRS NF DLAMINI-NDWANDWE

DR DD NDIMA

Closed book examination.

This examination question paper remains the property of the University of South Africa and may not be removed from the examination venue

This examination question paper consists of four (4) pages

PLEASE PAY CAREFUL ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1 Answer all five (5) questions
- Question 1 is a multiple-choice question and must be answered on a Unisa Mark reading sheet. When answering this question, please note that only one of the statements is correct. You must therefore mark only one of the squares for each question. If you mark more that one square for a specific question you will receive no mark for that answer Also bear in mind that some of the statements given in a question might be partially correct. However you must select the one which is most accurate.

Questions 2, 3, 4, 5

3 Note the marks allocated to each question and ensure that your answer is in line with this mark

TURN OVER

QUESTION 1

- 1 The concrete versus the abstract approach that is characteristic of customary law means that
 - 1) While specialised legal systems adopt the abstract approach, unspecialised legal systems are more concrete, real and visible in approach
 - 2) Specialized legal systems are marked by visible acts such as signing of a marriage register to signify the conclusion of a marriage contract
 - 3) In specialised legal systems, performance or part performance is required in the formulation of contracts
 - 4) proof for adultery in specialised legal systems was obtained by catching the culprit in the act and taking some of his personal belongings (2)
- 2 In terms of the court's decision in the case of **Shilubana v Nnamitwa**
 - 1) traditional authorities may update and change customary law to fit in with the living customary law
 - 2) traditional communities may develop customary law in accordance with norms and values of the Constitution
 - 3) traditional authorities should always align and develop customary law in accordance with norms and values of the Constitution
 - 4) traditional authorities should make sure that customary law is aligned with gender considerations (2)
- 3 Which sentence below most accurately describes the effect of section 39 of the Constitution?
 - 1) When interpreting the Bill of Rights, a court, tribunal or forum must consider foreign law
 - 2) When interpreting the Bill of Rights, a court, tribunal or forum may consider international law
 - 3) When interpreting the Bill of Rights, a court, tribunal or forum must promote the spirit, purport and objects thereof
 - 4) When interpreting the Bill of Rights, a court, tribunal or forum may promote the values that underlie an open and democratic society based on human dignity, equality and freedom (2)
- 4. Prior to 5 December 2002, intestate estates of black persons were administered by the
 - 1) magistrate's court.
 - 2) tribal court
 - 3) chief's court
 - 4) High Court (2)

TURN OVER

5	In terms of the Recognition of Customary Marriages Act .									
	 marriages not registered in terms of the Act are void parties to an unregistered marriage are liable to a fine unregistered marriages are awarded a status of a union the customary marriage is not void for failure to register. 	(2)								
6	The following are some of the main principles of the customary law court									
	 Only adult males are free to attend the court sessions The sessions of indigenous courts are held in private All parties must be represented during trials The onus is on the accused to prove his innocence in court 	(2)								
7	Which of the following factors influenced a person's status in customary law?									
	1) Wealth2) Class3) Popularity									
	4) Rank	(2)								
8	Which of the following courts are NOT recognised in terms of the Constitution to apply indigenous law in South Africa?									
	 Courts of Traditional leaders Magistrate courts Labour Courts The Supreme court 	(2)								
9	Ukuvusa custom may be applied if									
	 a married man dies childless an unmarried male dies a female dies childless the wife cannot bear children 	(2)								
10	Which of the following are some of the known presumptions in indigenous law?									
	 The children of a married woman are the children of her husband An adult is insane until there is evidence to the contrary A person may voluntarily entrust pieces of personal clothing to a stranger A person may voluntarily lie prostrate to be hit at the back 	(2) [20]								

TURN OVER

QUESTION 2

(a) In unspecialised legal systems, the emphasis is on group rights. Explain this, illustrating with examples from the African customary marriage law and the African law of succession.

(b) Discuss the implications of sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution for the recognition of customary law (10) [20]

QUESTION 3

- (a) Distinguish between status and rank in African customary law (5)
- (b) State and discuss the three fundamental requirements to conclude a valid customary law marriage in terms of the Recognition of Customary Marriages Act 120 of 1998 (15)
- (c) What are the legal implications for converting a customary marriage to a civil marriage? (5) [25]

QUESTION 4

- (a) Explain the legal significance of mangangahlaa (10)
- (b) Discuss contempt of the ruler as a crime in African customary law [10]

QUESTION 5

- (a) During an initiation ceremony, H incurs severe injuries as a result of D's actions. H accuses D of assault with intent to cause grievous bodily harm. What defence can D raise in court?

 (5)
- (b) Indicate to what extent substitution can influence succession to traditional leadership (10) [15]

Total: {100}

© Unisa 2015

۲

......

c13 c23 c35 c43 c53

110 120 130 140 150 110 120 130 140 150

c10 c20 c30 c40 c50 £13 £23 £33 £43 £51

c10 c20 c30 c40 c50

c13 (23 (33 (43 (53 (13 (23 (33 (43 (53

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)



EXAMINATION MARK READING SHEET								EKSAMEN-MERKLEESBLAD								
PART 1	(GENERAL/AL	.GEMEE	N) [DEEL	1 .	<u> </u>										 ~
	POY COURT 4.5. PSY100-1 PE EENHELD by PSY180			S AMO SU EFTERS EA		8						,		,		
	0			F EXAMIN VAN EKS			4)			•••••						
	PAPER NUMBER VRAESTELMOMMER EXAMINATION CENTRE (E.G. PRETOR)										 -		u			
	STUDENT NUMBER			QUE PAPE LE VEAEST												
				(8)												
(1) (1)	(0) (0) (0) (0) (0)	(12)	13 (13	1 (01 (0) 1 (1) (1)	c12 c13		For	use b	уе	kamır	ation	ınvış	gilati	or		
(3) (3)	. 122 (23 (24 122 123 . 132 (24 12 13 132 133 . 143 144 144	(3) C			£31 £31		Virg	gebru	k d	eur e	ksame	enop:	siene	er		
	(5) (5) (5) (5) (5)	c\$2 c	51 (51	(B) (6)	r51 r51		Ì									
£71 £72	(72 (72 (73 (73 (73 (73 (83 (83 (83 (83 (83	(7)	71 673	172 c72 1 c83 c83	c73 c73		<u> </u>					·				
:9, :9:	(91 (91 (91 (91 f92	c93 c	9 (9)	(9) (9)	(9) (9)											
		MPORTAN			_					BELAN						
MARK LIKE TH						:	MERK A	rs vare	-5-		MO DO					
CHECK THAT YOUR INITIALS AND SURNAME HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY ENTER YOUR STUDENT NUMBER FROM LEFT TO RIGHT CHECK THAT YOUR STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY SUBJECT TO STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY SUBJECT TO STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY SUBJECT TO STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY SUBJECT TO STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY SUBJECT TO STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY											- 1467					
CHECK THAT T	THE UNIQUE NUMBER	HAS BEEN	RLLE	D IN COR	RECTLY	9	KONTR	DLEER DA	AT DIE	UNIEK	NOMME TERNATI	R REG I	NGEVL	IL IS		, HEI
DO NOT FOLD							. MOEN					2, , 2,1				<u> </u>
PART2	(ANSWERS/A	OOWII	RDE;) DEE	L 2	4	,		_	·		٠.		·-		``
1 2	c13 r23 c33 c43 c53 c13 r23 c33 r43 c53		38 37	c1 2 c2 2	c3: c4: c3: c4:	183	71 72			(4) (5) (4) (5)		106 107			1 (4) () (4) (
3 4	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53 c13 c25 c33 c43 c53	3	38 39 40	t13 c23	c3> c4> c4> c3> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4> c4	(53	73	t13 t2	3 t 3 3	(4) (5)	, j	108	(13)	(2) (3)	1 (4) ¢	5.)
6	c1	f 1	41		c31 c42 c31 c41		75			c43 c5:		110			1 (41 (2 (42 (_,
7 8	c 1 c22 c32 c42 c52 c 2 c22 c32 c42 c52	3	42 43	C13 C23	c31 c42 c31 c42	c53	77	c1 a c2	3 (3)	(43 (5) (43 (5)	,	112	c1 3 ((2) (3:	, 143 C 1 (43 C	51
9	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53 c13 c23 c33 c41 c53		44 45	r13 r23	c31 t42 c31 t42	r5>	79 80	r1 > c2	ı t31	r43 r5:	·]	114 115	6 13 (2) 13:	1 (4) (1 (4) (51
	c13 c23 c32 c41 c53	1,1		£12 £22 l		*	81			r 4 1 t5:		116.			2 c43 c	13.4
13	e13 (23 (33 (43 (53 (13 (23 (33 (43 (52	- 4	48	£12 £22	c3> c4> (153	83	c1 2 c2	3 c3 s	(4) (5)		N	113 0	2) t31	2 (4) E	5) ·
	c1> c2> c3> c4> c5> c1> c2> c3> c4> c5>			t 1 2 t 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			84	(1) (2	_	**	11	J			(41 c)	
	c12 c22 c32 c42 c52 c12 c22 c32 c42 c52	- 1		£13 £21 : £13 £24 :			7 X		2 t3 2 t32	42 (5)		121 122			C43 C	
18	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	3 - 2 - 3	53 54	r(12 t2)	3 E	53	885	113 12	. (3)	(4) (5) (4) (5)	1	123 124	c[3 t	23 (33	(4) (5 h =
20	ព្រះស្នាធ្លាធ្លា		>	2 (2)	10		90			*41 (5)		125			¢42 ε	
22	(1) (2) (3) (3 (5) (1) (2) (3)	U		cla (\$1)		e.l	91 92	rta rž	1 (3)		,		(1) [23 (3)		51 35
24	c)3 c23 c33 c43 c c)3 c23 c33 c44 c52 c)3 c23 c33 c43 c53	- 4	23	c12 c22 c	(3) (4) (อน	93 94	t11 t2	131	(4) (5)	,	128 129	() 2 Z	23 (32	(42 t)	52 ; ; ; ; ; ;
	273 223 233 243 253 273 223 233 243 253	- 4		c33 c23 c		ر پن	95 96			(4) (5) (4) (5)		130			E42 E	ق استجدا 53 ع ا ص⊄ رہ
77	c1> c2> c3> c4> c5> c1> c2> c3> c4> c5>	'1	62	c12 c22 c	(33 c43 c	51	97 98	£13 £2:	132	(4) (5) (4) (5)	[]	132 133	113 2	21 531	643 65 643 65	52 - 2
29	(†2 (22 (32 (42 (52 (†3 (22 (32 (42 (52	h n	64	c) 2 (2) c	33 c43 t	5ə[~ ₁₂ ; .		. c1	£33		٠,	134 135	t 1 a &	22 132	c4a c5	5a ³, ₹

. 1

r13 r21 r33 r42 r51

(13 (23 (33 (43 (5) (13 (23 (33 (43 (5) (13 (23 (33 (43 (5)

c1 x c2x c3x c4x c5x

137 138 139

101

102 103

104 105

1,7

9

c12 c22 c32 c42 c52

(1) (2) (3) (4) (6) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)