

IOP1601

(499580)

May/June 2012

PERSONALITY IN WORK CONTEXT

Duration

2 Hours

75 Marks

EXAMINERS ·

FIRST SECOND

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This paper consists of sixteenteen (16) pages plus instructions for the completion of a mark-reading sheet.

Please complete the attendance register on the back page, tear off and hand to the invigilator.

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS.

Fill in the mark-reading sheet as indicated on the instruction sheet. The unique number is 499580.

Answer each question by choosing the correct answer from the alternatives given. Read all the instructions for answering each question carefully.

- 1 Which one of the following statements does **not** reflect a criterion for a good personality theory?
 - 1 It includes sufficient theoretical concepts to explain many facets of personality and behaviour
 - 2 It must recognise cultural and genetic influences on human behaviour
 - 3 It must be able to explain psychological phenomena in a simple manner
 - 4 Its concepts must be explained in a clear way and facilitate research
 - 5 It is best when research support exists for its theoretical concepts and assumptions
- In understanding personality and people's behaviour, the _____ theories emphasise the importance of childhood relationships, experiences and unconscious forces
 - 1 biological and evolutionary
 - 2. behaviourist or learning
 - 3. trait and type
 - 4 psychodynamic or psychoanalytical
 - 5. cognitive and social-cognitive
- If a researcher collects data on participants relying solely on information gathered from the participants, for example, through interviews and questionnaires, which method has the researcher adopted?
 - 1 Test-data
 - 2 Life-data
 - 3 Clinical observation
 - 4. Observer-data
 - 5. Self-report data
- Jessica states that she enjoys solving mathematical problems, she wants to know exactly what is expected of her and she wants to know all the facts before she acts. Which domain of personality is reflected by Jessica's behaviour?
 - 1 Intellectual
 - 2 Interpersonal
 - 3 Emotional
 - 4 Motivational
 - 5 Spiritual

5	In a selection situation at work applicants are assessed, evaluated and chosen according to their strengths and weaknesses with regard to a cluster of six work-related attributes and behaviour. This selection approach seems to be based on the approach to personality.
	1 psychodynamic 2 behaviouristic 3 statistical 4. trait
	5. structural
6	The concepts "trait", "construct", "self" and "response" are mostly used to refer to
	 personality structure personality development behaviour dynamics mental health behaviour change
7	Behaviourism emphasises
	the environment spirituality personality differences the unconscious aspects of personality the self
8	A special application of correlation research in the work context is research, in which problems of validity, reliability and restrictedness are special issues
	 action biographical longitudinal contemporary criterion
9	Research has indicated that many people across the world are similar with regard to certain behaviours and attributes, but also that they display unique differences. Such a finding best illustrates the assumptions in psychology
	1 psychodynamic 2 behaviouristic 3 cross-cultural 4. humanistic 5 trait

10	In contrast to a Western approach, an African view of human-resource management would rather emphasise
	 individual responsibility of employees in the work context competition and financial rewards as incentives to motivate employees considering the employee in the context of his/her culture predicting and controlling employee behaviour through various procedures the general characteristics of an employee's personality in the work context
11	A person does not make progress at work despite the fact that he has adequate mental abilities. Even in performing simple tasks he is dependent on the guidance of superiors. This person probably has a/an fixation.
	1 oral 2 anal 3 phallic 4 latent 5 genital
12	The theories of Freud and Jung differ with regard to which one of the following statements?
	Unconscious motivation influences behaviour more than the conscious experiences Personality comprises a number of interactive systems or structures Personality is influenced by past events People are mainly motivated by self-esteem and self-actualisation Healthy adjustment is influenced by conflicts between personality structures
13	The psychoanalytic view of personality is defined in one of the following statements Personality and behaviour are
	 influenced by not thinking about certain aspects in life determined by environmental learning and reinforcement influenced by contents in the psyche which are mostly hidden impacted on by primary biological processes and social needs formed and maintained by important persons in life
14	The, which is regulated by the principle, is found in the consciousness and directs the selection of socially acceptable and appropriate behaviours
	1 id, reality 2 id, morality 3 ego, reality 4 ego, pleasure 5 superego, pleasure
15	According to Freud, neurotic anxiety refers to the anxiety experienced when
	 a person is faced with real dangers id impulses are in conflict with the ego there is a conflict between the ego and the superego children are punished for impulsive sexual and aggressive behaviour experiencing fear of guilt due to the expressing instinctual wishes

16	Which of the following concepts from Jung's theory correspond with his concept of the self?
	Feminine part of men Masculine part of women Consists of inherited biological instincts Wholeness amongst archetypes Inherent biological predispositions
17	An employee's behaviour is characterised by obsessive-compulsiveness in his work and being very strict and intolerant about other employees' mistakes and behaviour. According to psychoanalytical theory, to which personality type does this type of behaviour belong?
	1 Anal-retentive 2 Phallic male 3 Anal-dependent 4 Genital female 5 Oral aggressive
18	The person with orientation is similar to the oral-dependent character in Freudian theory, and to someone whom Horney would see as "moving towards people". This type of person believes that the sources of everything desirable are external and consistently seeks to be loved and nurtured by others.
	 an exploitative a hoarding a marketing a receptive a productive
19	An employee who always works hard and always asks for promotion to a managerial position but never accepts such offers, displays behaviour which may be explained by the phenomenon of
	1 repression 2 rationalisation 3 sublimation 4 projection 5. reaction-formation
20	According to Adler, feelings ofmay lead to self-absorption and neurosis.
	1 superiority 2 separation 3 inferiority 4 anxiety 5 helplessness

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21	Allport utilises the concept of, which refers to a very pervasive, strong and persistent characteristic in some people.
	1 proprium traits
	2 central traits
	3 common traits 4 cardinal traits
	5 source traits
22	Which conflict-management style is based on a high concern for others and a low concern for the self?
	1 Obliging
	2 Dominating
	3 Compromising 4 Avoiding
	5 Integrating
23	According to Allport, the concept of describes how people choose motives that they like and which best suit their self-concept
	1 subsidation
	2 deficiency needs
	3 propriate striving 4 propriate functional autonomy
	5. perseverative functional autonomy
24	You start cooperating with a colleague simply because the manager has told you to do so, but after some time you realise that cooperating with colleagues leads to better goal attainment This is an example of
	1 sentiment
	2 proprium development
	3 functional autonomy
	4 ergs 5 attitudes
25	The assumption according to which the consistency of personality or human behaviour is studied by considering the effects of the person, the situation and the behaviour is called
	1 interactionism
	2. situationism
	3 trait consistency
	4 optimal functioning 5 individualism
	o individualism

26	Which temperament is associated with a person who has a tendency to be depressed?
	 Melancholic Phlegmatic Choleric Sanguine
	5 Artistic
27	The study personality in terms of typical characteristics rather than acquired behaviour
	 ego psychologists trait theorists behaviourists social-psychological theorists depth psychologists
28	In the selection process, applicants are assessed, evaluated and chosen according to their strengths and weaknesses with regard to specific personality attributes required in certain work situations. This selection approach seems to be based on the approach to personality.
	1 psychodynamic 2. behaviouristic
	3 trait 4 cognitive 5 structural
29	Which explanation best explains the consistency of traits and behaviour in people?
29	which explanation best explains the consistency of traits and behaviour in people?
	Research indicated more or less similar traits in people and across time and situations Most personality approaches agree on the existence of personality traits Development theories on personality explain a continuation in personality traits Research suggests that certain personality traits will be expressed better in certain
	situations 5 People more or less look physically the same from a young to an old age
30	"The self-concept is the core of personality and it develops by means of a person's unique experiences during which certain perceptions of the self, the world and others are formed and integrated into various self perceptions." This statement will best fit the ideas of the personality theory
	1 cognitive
	2. Freudian3 humanistic
	4 trait
	5. cultural

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31	, as proposed by humanistic theorists, would probably explain why employees experience the same work stressor differently.
	 Self-actualisation Self-determination Optimal functioning Subjective experiences Intrinsic abilities to grow
32	According to the humanistic and existential assumptions, an employee will least experience meaningfulness in his or her job if the employee
	gets more work and does many routine tasks has responsibility and autonomy in the job often has performance feedback sessions knows why he or she is doing a job experiences a lot of job satisfaction
33.	Susan is always fully engaged in her work and always seems to enjoy working on tasks. This type of work performance may be related to
	 esteem needs flow experience optimism the power of positive thinking a process of valuing self-experiences
34	The humanistic approach to personality emphasises similar principles to
	 behaviourism psychoanalysis Gestalt psychology the cognitive perspective phenomenology
35	Self-image, and the acceptance or denial of one's own experiences, are central concepts of
	 1 Maslow 2 Neo-Freudian theories 3 Murray 4 Rogers 5 Kelly
36	According to Rogers, self-development and maintenance is
	 according to distinguishable stages strongly influenced by cognitive and genetic factors. upheld by an ongoing valuing process of new experiences verified by peak experiences dependent on satisfying self-esteem needs.

37	A psychologist guides a person in changing a preconceived, generalised opinion such as "I can't work for a boss" to a realistic perception of a given situation such as "My boss does not show the personal interest in me that I desire." The psychologist probably uses the approach			
	 functionalist behaviourist psychoanalytical phenomenological Gestalt 			
38	According to Rogers, self-actualisation means to			
	have spiritual experiences have social experiences become a fully functioning person optimise health and resilience have peak experiences			
39	Kobasa described personal hardiness as			
	 behaviours and efforts to achieve set expectations and objectives a realistic ideal of self-image and potential to grow mature, autonomous behaviour in achieving objectives behaviour marked by high levels of control, challenge and commitment confidence in one's own abilities and environment to cope with stress 			
40	In referring to "person the scientist" Kelly means that people			
	come to terms with themselves by understanding their past are stimulus-response organisms that respond to reinforcement are rational, in control of themselves and their environment are realistic, because they perceive the outside world as it really is are predictable because they behave as they really want to			
41	Kelly's idea of personal constructs is related to Cattell's idea of trait, Freud's concepts of idea of superego, and the behaviourists' idea of responses, since it			
	 1 indicates underlying behaviours 2. represents personality structure 3 indicates ways of thinking 4 represents human motivation 5 explains how personality develops 			
42	Why, according to cognitive psychologists, do people experience psychological adjustmen problems?			
	 They do not have the skill or knowledge to unlearn poor habits and behaviour They cannot solve conflicts from their past traumatic experiences They do not receive support and their basic social needs are not satisfied They rely too much on defence mechanisms and C-P-C cycles Their ways of thinking are not applicable to more or all situations and events 			

43	Jack is given three tasks (A, B, and C) to complete by the end of the day Jack goes through the tasks and concludes that tasks A and C are easy while task B is labelled as difficult. The difficult task is completed in the morning while the easy tasks are completed in the course of the afternoon. According to Kelly, which of the following corollaries best describe the manner in which Jack labelled the tasks?
	1 Range 2 Choice 3 Dichotomy 4 Organisation 5 Modulation
44.	Xolani is a waiter and he is dealing with a very difficult client. In his mind, he tries to understand the reasons for the client's complaints and to interpret the behaviour displayed by the client. He does this so that if he deals with a difficult client again, he will know how to handle the situation. This is an example of which is based on the theory
	demotivation, behaviouristic motivation; cognitive memory, humanistic memory, cognitive motivation; behaviouristic
45	"If you become a taxı driver you will also become a bad driver, since all taxı drivers are considered to be bad drivers" This statement is an example of
	1 a pre-emptive construct 2 a defence mechanism 3 encoding strategies 4 constellatory constructs 5 propositional constructs
46	Which South African developed multimodal behavioural therapy?
	1 Lazarus 2 Kelly 3 Chomsky 4 Miller 5 Festinger
47	"I find Jane to be manipulative, yet Sarah finds Jane to be friendly and considerate" This is an example of a/an corollary.
	1 range 2 choice 3 dichotomy 4 construction 5 individuality

48.	work processes and his supervisors Using Kelly's ideas on personal comployee's perceptions can be explained by the corollary	•
	1 choice2 range3 dichotomy	
	4 construction 5. fragmentation	
49	Which of the concepts of psychological and social well-being in the following explains the behaviour and attitude of Lerato if she believes that some plaimlessly through life, but that she is not one of them?	
	1 Social actualisation	
	2 Autonomy	
	3 Purpose in life	
	4 Self-acceptance 5 Social integration	
50	A person who emphasises the good in people and consistently searches for the they stay healthy, can be said to promote the assumptions of	reasons why
	1 eudaimonia and virtues	
	2. the complete state model of health	
	positive psychology and salutogenesis	
	 social actualisation and subjective well-being social integration and fortigenesis 	
51	as proposed by entails that the individual believes tha successfully behave in the manner required for a particular task	t he/she can
	1 Self-efficacy, Bandura	
	2 Potency, Zeev Ben-Sıra	
	3 Locus of control, Rotter	
	4 Sense of coherence, Antonovsky5 Learned resourcefulness; Rosenbaum	
52	Nandi has no mental illnesses or disorders, however, she finds it difficult to cop she is generally not a very happy person, with low levels of well-being. This car as, based on the Complete State Model	
	1. floundering	
	2. struggling	
	3 flourishing	
	4 languishing	
	5 learned helplessness	

53	"W	ell-being" implies
	1 2 3 4 5	the absence of illness and symptoms emotional, psychological and mental health the presence of an external locus of control behaviour relating to a pathogenic orientation the presence of an internal locus of control
54	has	st after her divorce, Mala enters the workplace as a public relations officer. Although she is the necessary qualifications, she has not worked in the past four years, but she believes the she will do well in her job. This is an example of
	1 2 3 4 5	self-efficacy self-actualisation self-image self-schema self-constructs
55		e concept of focuses on the optimal experience and functioning of people in all neres of their lives
	1 2 3. 4. 5.	
56.		nich theorist emphasises the concept of "sense of coherence" to indicate the positive nature osychology?
	1. 2 3 4 5	Fromm Bandura Allport Horney Antonovsky
57		ording to the Complete Mental Health State Model, complete mental health is a condition ch combines the symptoms of
	1	high levels of emotional, psychological and social well-being, as well as the absence of a recent psychological disorder
	2	low levels of emotional, psychological and social well-being, as well as the diagnosis of a recent psychological disorder
	3	high levels of emotional, psychological and social well-being, as well as the diagnosis of a recent psychological disorder
	4	low levels of emotional, psychological and social well-being, as well as the absence of a recent psychological disorder

5. high levels of emotional, psychological and social well-being, as well as the diagnosis of a

recent physical disorder

- Which one of the following methods or approaches is used to determine why and how people can be classified as having a certain psychological disorder?
 - 1. Systems-interactional model
 - 2. General Adaptation Syndrome
 - 3 The social readjustment scale
 - 4 Statistical manual of mental disorders
 - 5 The complete wellness model
- 59 Select the correct statement about psychological disorders
 - 1 They are conditions that always present in the person as observable symptoms
 - 2 They involve conditions under which disturbances can occur in one or more domains of human functioning
 - 3. Psychological disorders can only be diagnosed in a cultural context
 - 4. There is no acceptable diagnostic system for assessing and classifying psychopathology
 - 5. A working person cannot present with a psychological disorder
- An approach or model which explains how an individual reacts physically and psychologically to acute and chronic stress, in short or longer periods of time is called the _____
 - 1 DSM
 - 2. General Adaptation Syndrome
 - 3 PTSD
 - 4 Conservation of Resources Model
 - 5 Social Readjustment Model
- As the industrial psychologist in a company, you have to manage the health of its employees within the workplace Which of the following tasks probably least contribute to health promotion in the workplace?
 - 1 Training medical and human-resource workers
 - 2 Chatting with employees about their problems
 - 3 Facilitating organisational change in culture and attitudes towards health promotion
 - 4 Organisational restructuring
 - 5. Developing an employee assistance programme
- 62. Interventions in the work context that focus on faulty learned responses of workers have been criticised because they treat the symptom rather than the cause. The personality approach referred to here is the _____ approach.
 - 1 organic
 - 2 psychodynamic
 - 3 stress model
 - 4 existential
 - 5 behaviourist

	•	
63	Behavioural patterns of overcommitment in the workplace may be a result of	
	1 high self-esteem	
	2 aspirations that are too low	
	3 weak abilities and poor creative power	
	4 obsessive-compulsive personality characteristics	
	5 creating intimate relationships or other non-work roles	
64	disorders are characterised by persistent and recurrent episodes of sadness a depression, without any occurrence or history of manic or elated mood states	ınd
	1 Manic-depressive	
	2 Major depressive	
	3. Dysthymic depressive	
	4 Bipolar affective	
	5 Cyclothymic depressive	
65	In an attempt to improve the work experiences of employees and to promote the occupational health, you have decided to implement a health promoting initiative in forganisation. To which type of approach does this initiative refer to?	
	1 A job characteristics model	
	2. A risk-management model	
	3 A preventive-health management model	
	4 An employee assistance programme	
	5 A person-environment fit model	
66	Which of the following statements is true about the DSM? It	
	1 relates to the assessment of physical illnesses	
	relates to diagnosing and classifying psychological disorders	
	3. is associated with considering the role of culture in health	
	Is an application of the diathesis-stress assumption	
	5 prescribes exactly how psycho-diagnostic assessment must be done	
67	With regard to psychological maladjustment and adjustment, the concept of context meathat peoples' behaviour must be considered	ıns
	that peoples behaviour must be considered	
	1 In relation to other people's illness only	
	2 with regard to previous illnesses a person had	
	3 in relation to certain or all life circumstances of a person	
	4 by assessing cultural influences on a person only	
	5 by also assessing a person's family history	
68	Henry has undergone a personality change, he displays almost no emotions, and sometime his speech and thinking is incoherent. Henry possibly manifests with schizophrenia.	es
	1 catatonic	
	2 paranoid	
	3 hebephrenic	
	4 simple	
	5. somatic	

69	Which of the following is a symptom of burnout?
	1 Role overload 2 Intense difficulty to respond to emotional stimuli 3 Goal-achievement 4 A constant need for the company of others 5 Periods of excitement alternated by periods of depression
70	Which type of depression is linked to women only?
	1 Bipolar depression 2 Postpartum depression 3 Dysthymic depression 4 Cyclothymic depression 5 Major depressive disorder
71	A student is experiencing symptoms of various physical problems like asthma, migraines and cancer after these illnesses have been discussed in class. This is an example of
	1 dissociative disorder 2 imagination 3. mood disorder 4 somatoform disorder 5 transference disorder
72	Read the following passage and choose the correct combination from the options below Lerato is a driven, highly ambitious employee who is always racing to meet deadlines and to finish ahead of everyone else. Her colleagues experience her as hostile and aggressive at times when she is rushing to complete her tasks. This is an example of the, which is a pattern of
	 type C personality, overcommitment type A personality, undercommitment type C personality, undercommitment type A personality, overcommitment type D personality, overcommitment
73	Stress can be positively related to physical illness because it decreases the ability of the system.
	1 immune 2 lymphatic 3 lymbic 4 melatonin 5 serotonin

- 74 An approach that emphasises the wholeness of organisations and people, and the interdependence of all factors, is the _____ perspective
 - 1 developmental
 - 2 humanist
 - 3 person-environment-fit
 - 4 systems
 - 5 work-stress
- Mary and Tom's illness and relationship complaints are related to the demands of many roles, that is, developing their careers, being parents and participating as members of different committees. These behavioural symptoms relate to ______
 - 1. conflicting A- and B-type personality patterns
 - 2. career development problems
 - 3 work and non-work conflicts, probably role overload
 - 4 overcommitment, probably workaholism
 - 5 undercommitment, probably fear of failure

TOTAL: [75]

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EXAMINATION MARK READING SHEET



EKSAMEN-MERKLEESBLAD

PART 1 (GENERAL/ALGEMEEN) DEEL 1

STUDY UNIT 6 g PSY100-X STUDIE EENHEID by PSY100-X

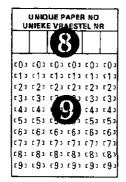
INITIALS AND SURNAME VOORLETTERS EN VAN --DATE OF EXAMINATION

DATUM VAN EKSAMEN -

PAPER NUMBER VRAESTELNOMMER

EXAMINATION CENTRE (E.G. PRETORIA) EKSAMENSENTRUM (BV PRETORIA)

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For use by examination invigilator Vir gebruik deur eksamenopsiener

IMPORTANT

- 1 USE ONLY AN HB PENCIL TO COMPLETE THIS SHEET
- 2 MARK LIKE THIS +2
- 3 CHECK THAT YOUR INITIALS AND SURNAME HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 4 ENTER YOUR STUDENT NUMBER FROM LEFT TO RIGHT
- 5. CHECK THAT YOUR STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 6 CHECK THAT THE UNIQUE NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 7 CHECK THAT ONLY ONE ANSWER PER QUESTION HAS BEEN MARKED
- 8 DO NOT FOLD

BELANGRIK

- 1 GEBRUIK SLEGS N HB POTLOOD OM HIERDIE BLAD TE VOLTOOI
- 2 MERK AS VOLG +2
- 3 KONTROLEER DAT U VOORLETTERS EN VAN REG INGEVUL IS
- 4 VUL U STUDENTENOMMER VAN LINKS NA REGS IN
- **6 KONTROLEER DAT U DIE KORREKTE STUDENTENOMMER VERSTREK HET**
- 6 KONTROLEER DAT DIE UNIEKE NOMMER REG INGEVUL IS
- 7 MAAK SEKER DAT NET EEN ALTERNATIEF PER VRAAG GEMERK IS
- 8 MOENIE VOU NIE

PART 2 (ANSWERS/ANTWOORDE) DEEL 2

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30	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53	00	c12 c22 c33 c43 c53	100	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	135	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]
31	113 123 133 143 153	66	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)		r11 r23 r35 r41 r51	136	c1 > c2 > c3 > c4 > c5 >
32	11 121 131 141 151	67	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	102	11 2 12 13 14 15 15 1	137	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]
33	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	68	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]		[13 [23 [33 [43 [53	138	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]
34	c13 c23 c33 c41 c53	69	111121131141151	104	113 123 133 143 153	139	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]
35	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	70	11 2 12 12 13 14 115 1	105	[1] [2] [3] [4] [5]	140	c13 c23 c33 c43 c53
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