CMY 3705 MCQ's

Assignments covered:

Semester 1+2 2018

Semester 1+2 2017

Examination papers covered:

Oct/Nov 2016

May/June 2017

Oct/Nov 2017

May/June 2018

SEMESTER 1

ASSIGNMENT 02

UNIQUE NUMBER: 806814

DUE DATE: 06 April 2018

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

[25]

- 1. Choose the correct option from the following:
 - Perpetrators of farm attacks don't necessarily spend time gathering information before 1. making brutal attacks on farm owners.
 - 2. Perpetrators of farm attacks don't necessarily steal from the farmers before exiting the home or leaving the property.
 - Perpetrators of farm attacks only target the farm owners and the family members of the 3.
 - 4. Perpetrators of farm attacks usually burn, strangle, stab and shoot at their victims during attacks.
- 2. The use of or participation of under aged children in a majority of sexual acts with adults or other minors where no force is present is known as:
 - Sexual exploitation 1.
 - Survival sex 2.
 - Child pornography 3.
 - 4. Prostitution
- 3. Which statement concerning female prisoners is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Sexual abuse of female prisoners can occur as a result of unsupervised access of male staff to female facilities.
 - 2. Sexual abuse of female prisoners can be avoided by ensuring that they are supervised only by female staff.
 - 3. When a mother is incarcerated it is more likely to result in serious family problems as she is unable to care for her children.
 - Because female prisons are so densely populated, there is more economic justification for a wide variety of programmes.
- 4. Initiation schools for boys are attended ...
 - 1. throughout the year in South Africa.
 - for the main purpose of being circumcised. 2.
 - in hygienic and comfortable surroundings. 3.
 - for the purpose of enhancing their well-being. 4.
- Section 12 of the Children's Act 2005 protects children from harmful acts by ... 5.
 - 1. not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights.
 - giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices. 2.
 - allowing a girl child to be subjected to Ukuthwala by family. 3.
 - allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture. 4.

Type your te

- 6. South Africans feel that illegal immigrants or foreigners are a threat to the country's safety and economy because ...
 - 1. street vendors and shop owners sell good quality, imported goods at reasonable prices.
 - 2. unauthorised migrants have good references and many friends to assist them in finding jobs.
 - 3. they have voting rights, freedom of movement, freedom of speech and thriving businesses.
 - most South Africans view them in a negative light, not worthy of refugee status or sympathy.
- 7. Juveniles need special attention in prison because ...
 - 1. children (under the age of 21) must be detained separately from adults.
 - 2. serious behavioural and emotional problems cannot be dealt with in prison.
 - 3. special education for juveniles with learning disabilities is too expensive.
 - 4. special educational facilities are often needed for juveniles with special needs.
- 8. The phenomenon of xenophobia in South Africa includes ...
 - 1. the outbreaks in 2007 and 2008 where South African citizens were being forced to live and work with Africans and other immigrants.
 - South Africans who favour forceful approaches to controlling immigration and putting more money into boarder control and protection.
 - government and other agencies which have a major task ahead of them if they are to convince South Africans to support a more exclusive immigration policy.
 - 4. government and NGOs being supportive of South Africans who are intolerant of outsiders immigrating from neighbouring countries.
- 9. ... can be defined as, both male and female, who engage in sexual activities for money, profit or any other consideration as a result of coercion or influence.
 - 1. Trafficked sex workers; victims
 - 2. Vulnerable sexual victims; minorities
 - 3. Child sex industry; adolescents
 - 4. Commercial sexual exploitation; children
- 10. Secondary victimisation in the criminal justice system means ...
 - 1. the courts focus on the victim's needs and wants.
 - 2. that victims are treated with caution and respect.
 - 3. the victims are blamed without legal representation.
 - 4. that victims are ill-informed and blamed by officials.
- 11. Despite the efforts by NGO's, the recruitment of child soldiers prevails. As a result, child soldiers often experience the following psychological consequences:
 - 1. Fear of the unknown; scars and educational shortcomings
 - 2. Irritability; sensitivity to light and suicidal tendencies
 - 3. Sensitivity to loud noises; under/overweight and irritability
 - 4. Suicidal threats; poor self-image and illiteracy

- 12. Which statement concerning cultural practices is correct and included in the Constitution?
 - Provisions are made for customary law which are not in conflict with the Constitution and do not include harmful acts.
 - All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the Constitution of South Africa.
 - 3. Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities.
 - 4. Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law.
- 13. The criminal justice model gives the victims the right to ...
 - 1. benefit from state compensation funds.
 - inform the court of the effect of victimisation.
 - 3. contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection.
 - 4. make use of rape crisis centres and shelters.
- 14. Which one of the following definitions of domestic violence is correct?
 - 1. Domestic violence consists of slaps, pushes, shoves and shouting which is considered abusive and abnormal violence.
 - 2. Domestic violence is the physical, sexual and/or psychological abuse that occurs in an intimate relationship regardless of marital status.
 - Domestic violence is an act carried out with the sole intention of causing physical pain or injury to another person or animal.
 - 4. Domestic violence is considered as normal and abnormal violence of one family member towards another family member.
- 15. Which statement concerning hate crime is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Hate crimes are motivated by prejudice and hatred for members of the dominant culture.
 - 2. Hate crimes are an age old phenomenon which occurred throughout history to members of minority groups.
 - 3. Hate crimes usually consist of threats, harassment or physical harm of its victims based on prejudice.
 - 4. Hate crimes may include intimidation, harassment, vandalism, personal assaults and even homicide.
- 16. Why has the responsibility for dealing with elder abuse shifted to many more sectors of society?
 - 1. More than 300 complaints were received from mistreated people in old age homes.
 - 2. Heavy demands and pressure are placed on the elderly receive social pensions.
 - 3. Older people are now encouraged to live in their communities as long as possible.
 - 4. Police officials and social workers were reluctant to act on reports of elder abuse.

- 17. According to Geldenhuys (2007), there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that ...
 - 1. this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem.
 - 2. this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights.
 - sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society.
 - 4. all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison.
- 18. Which theory does the statement below describe?

The basis of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser.

- 1. Battered woman's syndrome
- 2. Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment
- Systems theory
- 4. Theory of separation assault
- 19. Which statement concerning victims of HIV/AIDS and gender based violent crimes is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Sexual assault of women and girls typically involves unprotected sex, which makes them psychologically more at risk of HIV infection than men.
 - 2. Millions of South Africans living with the human immunodeficiency virus are stigmatised making them particularly vulnerable to victimisation.
 - 3. HIV/Aids related stigma was built upon an environment in which gay and lesbian sexuality was criminalised and heavily stigmatised in the late apartheid SA.
 - 4. With the high incidences of sexual assault of women and girls in SA, they are particularly vulnerable to contracting the disease.
- 20. Who according to Erin Pizzey (2004) is "hell-bent" on revenge and will take measures such as stalking a spouse or ex-spouse?
 - 1. Abusive husband
 - Family terrorist
 - Battered wife
 - 4. Female partner
- 21. The South African Law Commission recommends that ... should access, and take into account the ... knowledge, use and manipulation of a particular victim's ... for the purpose of sentencing.
 - 1. police officers; victim's; harm
 - 2. court officials; person's; injuries
 - 3. residing officers; individual's; losses
 - 4. judicial officers; offender's; vulnerability

- 22. Investigating officers put forward ideas on how farm attacks can be prevented. One of those ideas involves ...
 - 1. the owner of the farm putting up barbed wire fencing around the house.
 - 2. farmers following a set routine for security checks on the property.
 - 3. workers being informers as far as possible as part of the security on farms.
 - 4. workers reporting on all matters of household security to the farmer's family.
- 23. Women and girls in South Africa are vulnerable to HIV infection due to the high incidences of...
 - 1. xenophobic attacks.
 - 2. stigmatisation.
 - sexual assault.
 - survival sex.
- 24. The "fathers of Victimology" ... that the ... attitude and behaviour contributed to the crime being committed.
 - 1. assumed, offender's
 - theorised, victim's
 - decided, victim's
 - 4. theorised, perpetrator
- 25. The societal impact of hate crime victimisation includes ...
 - 1. feelings of being unsafe and destabilisation.
 - 2. nightmares, feeling unprotected and intimidated.
 - fear, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.
 - 4. sleep disturbances, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.

SEMESTER 2

ASSIGNMENT 02

UNIQUE NUMBER: 789433

DUE DATE: 21 September 2018

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

[25]

- 1. The field of Victimology emerged in the 1940s when the "fathers of Victimology"... and ... started to study victims of crime.
 - 1. Walklate and Mendelsohn.
 - 2. Godfrey and von Hentig.
 - 3. Vetten and Walklate.
 - Mendelsohn and von Hentig.
- 2. Victim policies not only contribute to the making of a more concerned and just society, but such policies can also help... and control...
 - prevent; crime.
 - solve; victimisation.
 - 3. minimise; violence.
 - probe; criminality.
- 3. The Victim Empowerment Programme within the National Crime Prevention Strategy (NCPS) has the following key output:
 - 1. To integrate criminal justice programmes and minimise the negative effects of crime.
 - I o develop a comprehensive model that incorporates integrated service delivery to victims.
 - 3. To encourage effective victim empowerment and private justice in the criminal justice system.
 - 4. To promote and implement a victim-centred approach though rehabilitation programmes.
- 4. Tolman and Edleson (1992) describe emotional abuse as ...; and ...
 - 1. non-physical; torture; indirect.
 - 2. mental; aggression; psychological maltreatment.
 - indirect; mental torture; non-physical.
 - psychological torture; direct; non-physical.
- 5. Which description of a "victim" is the **MOST CORRECT** from the options below?
 - 1. Official entities and persons who have suffered harm through primary, secondary or tertiary means.
 - 2. Any person, entity or group who has suffered injury or loss due to illegal activity. Harm can be physically, emotional or economic.
 - Survivors who have been threatened emotionally and physically, by persons or entities that are illegal.
 - 4. Any person, group or entity that has suffered injury or loss and has been harmed in various situations.

- 6. The severity of trauma experienced by victims after a farm attack can cause...
 - 1. false views of rage and feelings of guilt.
 - 2. fear that family will be driven apart as a result of the trauma
 - feelings of empowerment to take matters into their own hands
 - 4. children being encouraged to protect themselves.
- 7. Which of the combinations listed below are **NOT** all potential causes of farm attacks?
 - 1. Illegal immigrants, revenge and inflammatory statements.
 - 2. Unemployment, culture of violence and poverty.
 - 3. Inflammatory statements, available weapons and revenge.
 - 4. Poverty, easy access to weapons and immigrants.
- 8. The criminologist as a ... scientist, can show the court the ... information, as well as the ... effect on the victim.
 - 1. human; circumstantial; financial
 - 2. social; correct; physiological
 - 3. human; factual; psychosocial
 - 4. social; factual; emotional
- 9. Identify the **INCORRECT** option/combination: The following people *can make a VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENT*:
 - 1. direct victim or spouse of the victim
 - 2. parent/ guardian or step-parent of the victim
 - 3. representative or lawyer of the victim
 - 4. primary victim or criminologist
- 10. The aftermath of child trafficking and forced labour depend on the age of the child concerned. Often both their... and are delayed, leaving a long-lasting mark on the child.
 - socialisation; education.
 - development; growth.
 - 3. education; maturation.
 - 4. comprehension; self-esteem.
- 11. The criminal justice model gives the victims the right to ...
 - 1. benefit from state compensation funds.
 - 2. inform the court of the effect of victimisation.
 - 3. contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection.
 - 4. make use of rape crisis centres and shelters.
- 12. Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) persons are vulnerable to various forms of victimisation. These include:
 - 1. Domination and financial exploitation.
 - Corrective rape and discrimination.
 - Marginalisation and forced prostitution.
 - 4. Discrimination and harsh working conditions.

- 13. Which statement concerning women with violent or controlling partners is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. They are less able to negotiate condom usage.
 - 2. The woman is ill-informed and blamed by officials.
 - 3. I he woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited.
 - 4. They are often economically dependent on their abusive partners.
- 14. Initiation schools for boys are attended ...
 - 1. for the purpose of improving their wellbeing.
 - 2. in hygienic and uncomfortable surroundings.
 - 3. during the course of the year in South Africa.
 - 4. primarily to be circumcised and to learn social laws.
- 15. Which perspective does the following statement describe?

The foundation of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser.

- 1. Battered woman's syndrome.
- 2. Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment.
- Systems theory.
- 4. Theory of separation assault.
- 16. Which statement concerning secondary victimisation is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. unfavourable remarks which increases their sense of defencelessness.
 - reinforcement to seek medical and psychological help.
 - 3. the victims are ill-informed and blamed by the officials.
 - 4. inappropriate questioning by officials.
- 17. Section 12 of the Children's Act 2005 protects children from harmful acts by ...
 - 1. giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices.
 - 2. allowing a girl child to be subjected to Ukuthwala by family.
 - 3. allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture.
 - 4. not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights.
- 18. Choose the correct statement regarding sexual violence in prison.
 - Heterosexual men who are raped in prison question their sexuality and may perceive themselves as intrasexual.
 - 2. Sexual violence towards men in prison may include the use of objects and women's underwear.
 - Male prisoners who are raped question their manliness and are vulnerable to further assault.
 - 4. "Wyfies" are regarded as sex objects and domestic servants, by the prison guards.

- 19. Which statement concerning cultural practices is included in the Constitution?
 - Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the constitution and do not include harmful acts.
 - All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the constitution of South Africa.
 - 3. Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities.
 - 4. Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law.
- 20. By treating victims ..., the criminal justice system can maintain or restore the victim's ... for the law and thus prevent violence.
 - fairly; respect
 - responsibly; belief
 - 3. positively; optimism
 - 4. well; respect
- 21. What will happen if the contents of a victim impact statement (VIS) are disputed?
 - The author or victim will have to be called as a witness.
 - The document will not be deliberated at all in court.
 - 3. The court will have to reassess the conviction.
 - 4. The victim will be encouraged to appeal.
- 22. Which one of the following statements on female genital mutilation/cutting is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Female genital mutilation/cutting is practiced on children, adolescents and on infants in Ethiopia.
 - Religious foundations for female genital mutilation/cutting are commonly found throughout history.
 - 3. Practitioners are generally traditional birth attendants or midwives.
 - 4. Practitioners' status in the community can be linked with the operation.
- 23. The societal impact of hate crime victimisation includes ...
 - 1. feelings of being unsafe and destabilisation.
 - 2. nightmares, feeling unprotected and intimidated.
 - fear, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.
 - sleep disturbances, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.

- 24. According to Geldenhuys (2007) there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that ...
 - 1. this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights.
 - 2. this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem.
 - 3. sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society.
 - 4. all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison.
- 25. Which statement concerning victims of HIV/AIDS and gender based violent crimes is **INCORRECT?**
 - 1. Gugu Dlamini was stoned to death.
 - 2. Men are physiologically more at risk of HIV infection than women.
 - 3. Women in abusive relationships are less able to negotiate condom usage.
 - 4. The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited.

SEMESTER 1

ASSIGNMENT 02

UNIQUE NUMBER: 698613

DUE DATE: 07 April 2017

- 1. Which statement concerning the victims' perception of farm attacks is the most CORRECT?
 - 1. They believe there was a political motivation to the attack and suffer Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD).
 - 2. They are puzzled about the experience they endured and are blamed by officials for being soft targets.
 - 3. They are in a state of disbelief yet they empathise with the perpetrators.
 - 4. They are angry and feel they were victims of broader socio-political circumstances.
- 2. ... can be defined as ...; both male and female, who engage in sexual activities for money, profit or any other consideration as a result of coercion or influence.
 - 1. Trafficked sex workers; victims
 - 2. Vulnerable sexual victims; minorities
 - 3. Commercial sexual exploitation; children
 - Child sex industry; adolescents
- 3. Which statement concerning women with violent or controlling partners is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. They are less able to negotiate condom usage.
 - 2. The woman is ill-informed and blamed by officials.
 - 3. The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited.
 - 4. They are often economically dependent on their abusive partners.
- 4. Which statement concerning juvenile prisoners is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Special education for juveniles with learning disabilities is too expensive.
 - Young offenders must be detained separately from adults.
 - 3. Young offenders with serious behavioural problems should be detained separately.
 - 4. Special educational facilities are often needed for juveniles with special needs.
- 5. Which statement concerning secondary victimisation is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. discouraging remarks which increases their sense of vulnerability.
 - 2. encouragement to seek medical and psychological help.
 - the victims are ill-informed and blamed by the officials.
 - 4. inappropriate questioning by court officials in court.

- 6. Which definition of domestic violence is the **MOST** correct?
 - Domestic violence is the physical, sexual and/or psychological abuse that occurs between adults in an intimate relationship regardless of marital status.
 - Domestic violence consists of slaps, pushes, shoves and shouting which is considered abusive and abnormal violence.
 - 3. Domestic violence is an act carried out with the sole intention of causing physical pain or injury to another person or animal.
 - 4. Domestic violence is considered as normal and abnormal violence of one family member towards another family member.
- 7. Select the most correct combination.

The South African Law Commission recommends that ... should access, and take into account the ... knowledge, use and manipulation of a particular victim's ... for the purpose of sentencing.

- 1. police officers; victim's; harm
- 2. court officials; person's; injuries
- 3. residing officers; individual's; losses
- 4. judicial officers; offender's; vulnerability
- 8. Investigating officers put forward ideas on how farm attacks can be prevented. One of those ideas involves ...
 - 1. the owner of the farm putting up barbed wire fencing around the house.
 - 2. farmers following a set routine for security checks on the property.
 - 3. workers being informers as far as possible as part of the security on farms.
 - 4. workers reporting on all matters of household security to the farmer's family.
- 9. Women and girls in South Africa are vulnerable to HIV infection due to the high incidences of...
 - 1. xenophobic attacks.
 - 2. Stigmatisation.
 - sexual assault.
 - 4. survival sex.
- 10. The criminal justice model proposes that ...
 - 1. victims of crime should be provided for and included in the criminal justice process.
 - 2. victims are supported through state compensation schemes for harm suffered.
 - 3. the reduction of crime is the role of the potential and actual victim.
 - 4. helping victims is not part of the core business of the police.

- 11. Tolman and Edleson (1992) describe emotional abuse as ...; ... and ...
 - 1. non-physical; torture; indirect.
 - 2. mental; aggression; psychological maltreatment.
 - 3. psychological torture; direct; non-physical.
 - 4. indirect; mental torture; non-physical.
- 12. Initiation schools for boys are attended ...
 - 1. for the purpose of enhancing their wellbeing.
 - 2. primarily to be circumcised and to learn societal laws.
 - throughout the year in South Africa.
 - 4. in hygienic and uncomfortable surroundings.
- 13. Hate crimes include ...
 - 1. the use of terroristic threats, assault, harassment and arson.
 - 2. the use of intimidation, vandalism, personal assaults and genocide.
 - 3. victims of threats, harassment, physical harm and propaganda.
 - 4. victims of racial discrimination, ethnic cleansing and poverty.
- 14. Who according to Erin Pizzey (2004) is "hell-bent" on revenge and will take measures such as stalking a spouse or ex-spouse?
 - 1. Abusive husband
 - Family terrorist
 - Battered wife
 - 4. Female partner
- 15. Section 12 of the Children's Act 2005 protects children from harmful acts by...
 - 1. giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices.
 - 2. allowing a girl child to be subjected to Ukuthwala by family.
 - 3. allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture.
 - 4. not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights.
- 16. LGBT persons are subjected to various forms of victimisation. These include:
 - 1. Oppression and financial exploitation
 - 2. Marginalisation and forced prostitution
 - 3. Corrective rape and discrimination
 - 4. Discrimination and harsh working conditions
- 17. The field of Victimology emerged in the 1940s when the "fathers of Victimology" ... and ... started studying crime victims.
 - 1. Vetten and Walklate
 - Mendelsohn and Von Hentig
 - Godfrey and Von Hentig
 - 4. Walklate and Mendelsohn

- 18. Which statement, concerning a Victim Impact Statement (VIS,) is the most correct?
 - The main focus of the VIS is on the offender as a target, i.e. the person who was robbed, attacked, raped or murdered.
 - Victim Impact Statements have become increasingly popular in African, Eastern and Western countries as a valid legal document.
 - 3. There is a general agreement that the court should be able to make a recommendation for sentencing without the victim's view.
 - 4. The VIS allows the court special insight into the crime committed and the offender's modus operandi.
- 19. Which of the following options concerning female genital mutilation is the most correct?
 - Female genital mutilation is practiced for hygienic reasons as it is believed that female genitalia are dirty.
 - 2. Female genital mutilation is practiced for the sole purpose of encouraging safe sex.
 - 3. Female genital mutilation is practiced for health reasons as it promotes a girl's growth.
 - 4. Female genital mutilation is practiced for religious reasons as it is believed to be God's wish.
- 20. The phenomenon of xenophobia in South Africa includes...
 - 1. the outbreaks in 2007 and 2008 where South African citizens were being forced to live and work with Africans and other immigrants.
 - 2. government and other agencies which have a major task ahead of them if they are to convince South Africans to support a more exclusive immigration policy.
 - 3. government and NGOs being supportive of South Africans who are intolerant of outsiders immigrating from neighbouring countries.
 - 4. South Africans who favour forceful approaches to controlling immigration and putting more money into boarder control and protection.
- 21. Despite the efforts by NGOs', the recruitment of child soldiers prevails. As a result child soldiers often experience the following psychological consequences:
 - 1. Fear of the unknown; scars and educational shortcomings
 - 2. Irritability; sensitivity to light and suicidal tendencies
 - 3. Sensitivity to loud noises; being under/overweight and irritability
 - 4. Suicidal threats; poor self-image and illiteracy
- 22. Which statement concerning female prisoners is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Sexual abuse of female prisoners can occur as a result of unsupervised access of male staff to female facilities.
 - 2. Sexual abuse of female prisoners can be avoided by ensuring that they are supervised only by female staff.
 - Because female prisons are so densely populated, there is more economic justification for a wide variety of programmes.
 - When a mother is incarcerated it is more likely to result in serious family problems as she is unable to care for her children.

- 23. Which statement concerning victims of HIV/Aids and gender based violent crimes is **INCORRECT**?
 - Sexual assault of women and girls typically involves unprotected sex, which
 makes them psychologically more at risk of HIV infection than men.
 - 2. Millions of South Africans living with the human immunodeficiency virus are stigmatised making them particularly vulnerable to victimisation.
 - 3. HIV/Aids related stigma was built upon an environment in which gay and lesbian sexuality was criminalised and heavily stigmatised in the late apartheid SA.
 - 4. With the high incidences of sexual assault of women and girls in SA, they are particularly vulnerable to contracting the disease.
- 24. Which of the following statements regarding perpetrators of farm attacks is the most correct?
 - 1. They do not necessarily spend time gathering information before making brutal attacks on farm owners.
 - 2. They do not necessarily steal from the farmers before exiting the home or leaving the property.
 - 3. They only target the farm owners and the family members of the farmer.
 - 4. They usually burn, strangle, stab and shoot at their victims during attacks.
- 25. Which theory does the statement below describe?

The basis of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser.

- 1. Battered woman's syndrome
- 2. Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment
- Systems theory
- 4. Theory of separation assault

SEMESTER 2

ASSIGNMENT 02

UNIQUE NUMBER: 603883

DUE DATE: 22 September 2017

1. Which theory does the statement below describe?

It is important to note that all abused women are helpless and submissive. Many victims of abuse are active survivors as they remain in abusive relationships because previous attempts to escape have been unsuccessful.

- 1. Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment.
- 2. Theory of separation assault.
- The systems theory.
- 4. The battered woman's syndrome.
- 2. Which of the combinations listed below are **NOT** all potential causes of farm attacks?
 - 1. Illegal immigrants, revenge and inflammatory statements.
 - 2. Unemployment, culture of violence and poverty.
 - 3. Inflammatory statements, available weapons and revenge.
 - 4. Poverty, easy access to weapons and immigrants.
- 3. Which statement concerning victims of HIV/Aids and gender based violent crimes is **INCORRECT?**
 - 1. Gugu Dlamini was stoned to death.
 - 2. Men are physiologically more at risk of HIV infection than women.
 - 3. Women in abusive relationships are less able to negotiate condom usage.
 - 4. The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited.
- 4. Which of the following statements regarding sexual violence in prison is the most correct?
 - 1. Heterosexual men who are raped in prison question their sexuality and may perceive themselves as intrasexual.
 - 2. Sexual violence towards men in prison may include the use of objects and women's underwear.
 - Male prisoners who are raped question their masculinity and are vulnerable to further assault.
 - 4. "Wyfies" are regarded as sex objects and domestic servants, by the prison guards.

- 5. The effects of child trafficking and forced labour depend on the age of the child concerned. Often both their.... and.... are halted, leaving a permanent mark on the child.
 - 1. development; growth
 - 2. education; maturation
 - socialisation; education
 - 4. insight; self-esteem
- 6. Which of the following statement concerning the impact of hate crime is the most correct?
 - 1. The victimological approach to hate crime is normally based on individual impact and often includes financial loss.
 - 2. The manner in which discrimination is experienced varies considerably between an ethnic group and the individual.
 - 3. The emotional and physical impact of hate crime usually extends beyond the individual to society at large.
 - The reactions of victims of hate crimes may vary and include depression, anger and relationship problems.
- 7. Which statement concerning cultural practices is **CORRECT** and is included in the constitution?
 - 1. Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the constitution and do not include harmful acts.
 - 2. All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the constitution of South Africa.
 - 3. Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities.
 - 4. Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law.
- 8. By treating victims ..., the criminal justice system can maintain or restore the victim's ... for the law and thus prevent violence.
 - fairly; respect
 - 2. responsibly; belief
 - 3. positively; optimism
 - 4. well; respect
- 9. The "fathers of Victimology" ... that the ... attitude and behaviour contributed to the crime being committed.
 - 1. assumed, offender's
 - 2. theorised, victim's
 - decided, victim's
 - 4. theorised, perpetrator's

- 10. The criminal justice model gives the victims the right to ...
 - 1. make use of rape crisis centres and shelters.
 - 2. benefit from state compensation funds.
 - 3. contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection.
 - inform the court of the effect of victimisation.
- 11. Farm attacks are a manifestation of crimes such as ... with intent to inflict grievous bodily harm, ..., rape, ..., murder, malicious damage to property and ... usually with aggravating circumstances.
 - 1. robbery, arson, house breaking, assault
 - 2. assault, robbery, house breaking, arson
 - 3. assault, house breaking, arson, robbery
 - 4. robbery, arson, assault, house breaking
- 12. The Victim Empowerment Programme within the National Crime Prevention Strategy (NCPS) has the following key output:
 - 1. To integrate criminal justice programmes and minimise the negative effects of crime.
 - 2. To develop a comprehensive model that incorporates integrated service delivery to victims.
 - To encourage effective victim empowerment and private justice in the criminal justice system.
 - 4. To promote and implement a victim-centred approach through rehabilitation programmes.
- 13. What will happen if the contents of a victim impact statement are disputed?
 - 1. The author or victim will have to be called as a witness.
 - The document will not be considered at all in court.
 - 3. The court will have to reconsider the conviction.
 - 4. The victim will be encouraged to appeal.
- 14. South Africans feel that illegal immigrants or foreigners are a threat to the country's safety and economy because ...
 - 1. street vendors and shop owners sell good quality, imported goods at reasonable prices.
 - 2. unauthorised migrants have good references and many friends to assist them in finding jobs.
 - 3. they have voting rights, freedom of movement, freedom of speech and thriving businesses.
 - most South Africans view them in a negative light, not worthy of refugee status or sympathy.

- 15. Which definition of "victim" is the most correct from the options below?
 - 1. Institutional entities and persons who have suffered harm through primary, secondary or tertiary means.
 - Any person, entity or group who has suffered injury or loss due to illegal activity.
 Harm can be physically, emotional or economic.
 - Survivors who have been threatened emotionally and physically, by persons or entities that are illegal.
 - 4. Any person, group or entity that has suffered injury or loss and has been harmed in various situations.
- 16. Children are trafficked for different reasons all of which can be defined as exploitation. Forms of exploitation have been identified and include:
 - 1. Pornography, begging and dangerous work
 - Begging, burglary and paedophilia
 - 3. Bonded labour, farming, and forced marriage
 - 4. Adoptions, drug use and domestic violence
- 17. Which one of the following statements on female genital mutilation/cutting is **INCORRECT**?
 - 1. Female genital mutilation/cutting is practiced on children, adolescents and on infants in Ethiopia.
 - Religious foundations for female genital mutilation/cutting are commonly found throughout history.
 - 3. Practitioners are generally traditional birth attendants or midwives.
 - 4. Practitioners' status in the community can be linked with the operation.
- 18. Why has the responsibility for dealing with elder abuse shifted to many more sectors of society?
 - 1. More than 300 complaints were received from mistreated people in old age homes.
 - 2. Heavy demands and pressure are placed on the elderly receive social pensions.
 - 3. Older people are now encouraged to live in their communities as long as possible.
 - 4. Police officials and social workers were reluctant to act on reports of elder abuse.
- 19. The societal impact of hate crime victimisation includes ...
 - 1. feelings of being unsafe, diarrhoea and destabilisation.
 - 2. nightmares, feeling unprotected and intimidated.
 - fear, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.
 - sleep disturbances, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation.

- 20. The care model proposes that ...
 - victims are supported through state compensation schemes for harm suffered.
 - the reduction of crime is the role of the potential and actual victim.
 - 3. helping victims is not part of the core business of the police.
 - 4. victims of crime have the right to restitution from the offender and his/her family.
- 21. Which statement concerning Victim Impact Statements (VIS) is CORRECT?
 - 1. The VIS is similar to the general testimony by the victim in court.
 - 2. The VIS is given to the court after a conviction and before sentence is passed.
 - 3. The VIS should be used to assist both the Correctional Supervision and Parole Board in determining parole.
 - 4. The VIS can also focus on the indirect victim who was not affected by the crime.
- 22. The nature of trauma on victims after a farm attack can cause...
 - 1. children being motivated to protect themselves.
 - 2. fear that their family will be torn apart as a result of the trauma.
 - false perceptions of rage and feelings of guilt.
 - 4. feelings of empowerment to take matters into their own hands.
- 23. Which statement regarding Victim Impact Statements (VIS) is **NOT** valid?
 - 1. The VIS is presented to the court, by the victim, to show personal harm suffered as a result of the offence.
 - 2. The VIS allows the victim to personalise the crime and to express their pain and anguish suffered.
 - The VIS can render anonymity to the victim and therefore making the VIS a legal document.
 - 4. The VIS can be completed by an expert, but must comprise of information in the victim's own words.
- 24. According to Geldenhuys (2007) there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that...
 - 1. this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights.
 - 2. this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem.
 - 3. sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society.
 - 4. all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison.
- 25. ... of citizens from neighbouring states feel that South Africans have positive views of people from their own home country. Less than ... expect bad treatment from South Africans.
 - 1. 30%: 30 50%
 - 2. 20%; 35 50%
 - 3. 35 50%; 20%
 - 4. 30 50% ; 30%

SECTION A (Answer ALL questions on a mark reading sheet provided)

- 1 Choose the most correct option from the following
 - Perpetrators of farm attacks usually burn, strangle, stab and shoot at their victims during attacks
 - Perpetrators of farm attacks don't necessarily spend time gathering information before making brutal attacks on farm owners
 - 3 Perpetrators of farm attacks don't necessarily steal from the farmers before exiting the home or leaving the property
 - 4 Perpetrators of farm attacks only target the farm owners and the family members of the farmer

(1)

- 2 The nature of trauma suffered by victims after a farm attack can cause
 - false perceptions of rage and feelings of guilt
 - 2 fear that their family will be torn apart as a result of the trauma
 - 3 feelings of empowerment to take matters into their own hands
 - 4 children being motivated to protect themselves

(1)

- 3 Which statement concerning hate crime is INCORRECT?
 - 1 Hate crimes are motivated by prejudice and hatred for members of the dominant culture
 - 2 Hate crimes are an age old phenomenon which occurred throughout history to members of minority groups
 - 3 Hate crimes usually consist of threats, harassment or physical harm of its victims based on prejudice
 - 4 Hate crimes may include intimidation, harassment, vandalism, personal assaults and even homicide

(1)

- 4 LGBT persons are subjected to various forms of victimisation. These include
 - 1 Oppression and financial exploitation
 - 2 Marginalisation and forced prostitution
 - 3 Corrective rape and discrimination
 - 4 Discrimination and harsh working conditions

- 5 Which statement concerning cultural practices is CORRECT and is included in the Constitution?
 - Provisions are made for customary law which are not in conflict with the Constitution and do not include harmful acts
 - 2 All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the Constitution of South Africa
 - 3 Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities
 - 4 Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law

- 6 The phenomenon of xenophobia in South Africa includes
 - 2 government and other agencies which have a major task ahead of them if they are to convince South Africans to support a more exclusive immigration policy
 - 3 government and NGOs being supportive of South Africans who are intolerant of outsiders immigrating from neighbouring countries
 - South Africans who ravour forceful approaches to controlling immigration and putting more money into boarder control and protection

(1)

- 7 Which statement concerning victims of aids and gender based violent crimes is INCORRECT?
 - Sexual assault of women and girls typically involves unprotected sex, which makes them psychologically more at risk of HIV infection than men
 - 2 Millions of South Africans living with the human immunodeficiency virus are stigmatised making them particularly vulnerable to victimisation
 - 3 HIV/Aids related stigma was built upon an environment in which gay and lesbian sexuality was criminalised and heavily stigmatised in the late apartheid SA
 - With the high incidences of sexual assault of women and girls in SA, they are particularly vulnerable to contracting the disease

(1)

- 8 According to Geldenhuys (2007), there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that
 - this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem
 - this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights
 - 3 sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society
 - 4 all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison

Juveniles need special attention in prison because

9

	1 special educational facilities are often needed for juveniles with special needs	
	 children must be detained separately from adults serious behavioural and emotional problems cannot be dealt with in prison 	
	 serious behavioural and emotional problems cannot be dealt with in prison special education for juveniles with learning disabilities is too expensive 	
	-possess observation for favorable man loan and alload miles to too expensive	(1)
		. ,
10	The criminologist as a scientist, can show the court the information, as well as the effect	on
_	the victim	OH
	4 homen a most and a	
	human, circumstantial, financial social, correct, physiological	
	3 human, factual, psychosocial	
	4 social, factual, emotional	
		(1)
11	Identify the INCORRECT option/combination	
	The following people can make a Victim Impact Statement	
	1 Direct victim or spouse of victim	
	2 Parent/guardian or step-parent of victim	
	3 Representative or lawyer of victim	
	4 Primary victim or criminologist	
		(1)
12	The effects of child trafficking and forced labour depend on the age of the child concerned. Often	1
	both their and are halted, leaving a permanent mark on the child	
	1 socialisation, education	
	2 development, growth	
	3 education, maturation	
	4 insight, self-esteem	
		(1)
13	Despite the efforts by NGO's, the recruitment of child soldiers prevails. As a result child soldiers	
	often experience the following psychological consequences	
	Fear of the unknown, scars and educational shortcomings	
	2 Irntability, sensitivity to light and suicidal tendencies	
	3 Sensitivity to foud noises, under/overweight and irritability	
	4 Suicidal threats, poor self-image and illiteracy	/43
		(1)

14		according to Erin Pizzey (2004) is "hell-bent" on revenge and will take measures such as ing a spouse or ex-spouse?	
	1 2 3	Battered wife Female partner Abusive husband Family terrorist	
	<u> </u>	(1)	
15	Won	nen and children who are subjected to secondary victimisation often experience	
	1 2 3 4	negative reaction when they report the crime to the judge discouraging remarks which increases their sense of vulnerability inappropriate questioning by all court officials during the trial encouragement to seek medical and psychological help (1)	
16	The	criminal justice model gives the victims the right to	
	2 3 4	inform the court of the effect of victimisation contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection make use of rape crisis centres and shelters (1)	
17	Which definition of domestic violence is the MOST correct?		
	1	Domestic violence consists of slaps, pushes, shoves and shouting which is considered abusive and abnormal violence	
	2	Domestic violence is the physical, sexual and/or psychological abuse that occurs in an intimate relationship regardless of marital status	
	3 4	Domestic violence is an act carried out with the sole intention of causing physical pain or injury to another person or animal Domestic violence is considered as normal and abnormal violence of one family member towards another family member	
		(1)	
18	Whic	ch statement concerning cultural practices is correct and is included in the Constitution?	
	1 2	All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the constitution of South Africa Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities	
	3	Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the Constitution and do not include harmful acts	
	4	Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law	

- 19 The phenomenon of xenophobia in South Africa includes
 - 2 government and other agencies which have a major task ahead of them if they are to convince South Africans to support a more exclusive immigration policy
 - 3 government and NGOs being supportive of South Africans who are intolerant of outsiders immigrating from neighbouring countries
 - South Africans who favour forceful approaches to controlling immigration and putting more money into boarder control and protection

- 20 Which statement concerning female prisoners is **INCORRECT**?
 - Because female prisons are so densely populated, there is more economic justification for a wide variety of programmes
 - Sexual abuse of female prisoners can occur as a result of unsupervised access of male staff to female facilities.
 - 3 Sexual abuse of female prisoners can be avoided by ensuring that they are supervised only by female staff
 - When a mother is incarcerated it is more likely to result in serious family problems as she is unable to care for her children

(1)

- 21 Stress caused by farm attacks should be handled on a reactive and a proactive level Proactive steps should include
 - 1 Trauma centers should be established in every community
 - 2 Workshops should be held to deal with perceptions and stereotypes
 - 3 Protocols for dealing with victims of trauma should be formulated
 - 4 Counsellors should be trained to help victims recover from trauma

(1)

22 Complete the following statement with the most correct option

The field of Victimology emerged in the 1940s when the "fathers of Victimology" and started study crime victims

- 1 Walklate and Mendelsohn
- 2 Godfrey and von Hentig
- 3 Vetten and Walklate
- 4 Mendelsohn and von Hentig

23 Complete the following statement with the most correct option

Victim Policies not only contribute to the making of a more caring and just society, but such policies can also help—and control

1	prevent, crime
2	solve, victimisation

3 minimize, violence

4 investigate, criminality

(1)

- 24 The Victim Empowerment Programme within the NCPS has the following key output
 - 1 To integrate criminal justice programmes and minimize the negative effects of crime
 - 2 To develop a comprehensive model that incorporates integrated service delivery to victims
 - 3 To encourage effective victim empowerment and private justice in the criminal justice system
 - 4 To promote and implement a victim-centred approach through rehabilitation programmes

(1)

25 Complete the following statement with the most correct option

Tolman and Edleson (1992) describe emotional abuse as , and

- 1 non-physical, torture, indirect
- 2 mental, aggression, psychological maltreatment
- 3 indirect, mental torture, non-physical
- 4 psychological torture, direct, non-physical

(1)

[25]

SECTION A (Answer ALL questions on a mark reading sheet provided)

- 1 Which statement concerning the victims' perception of farm attacks is the most correct?
 - 1 They believe there is a political motivation to the attack and suffer Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
 - 2 They are puzzled about the experience they endured and are blamed by officials for being soft targets
 - 3 They are angry and feel they were victims of broader socio-political circumstances
 - 4 They are in a state of disbelief yet they empathise with the perpetrators

(1)

2 Select the most correct combination.

can be defined as ; both male and female, who engage in sexual activities for money, profit or any other consideration as a result of coercion or influence

- 1 Commercial sexual exploitation, children
- 2 Vulnerable sexual victims, minorities
- 3 Trafficked sex workers, victims
- 4. Child sex industry, adolescents

(1)

- 3 Which statement concerning women with violent or controlling partners is INCORRECT?
 - 1 They are less able to negotiate condom usage.
 - 2 The woman is ill-informed and blamed by officials
 - 3 The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited
 - 4. They are often economically dependent on their abusive partners

(1)

- 4 Which definition of domestic violence is the most correct?
 - 1 Domestic violence is considered as normal and abnormal violence of one family member towards another family member
 - 2 Domestic violence consists of slaps, pushes, shoves and shouting which is considered abusive and abnormal violence.
 - 3. Domestic violence is an act carried out with the sole intention of causing physical pain or injury to another person or animal
 - Domestic violence is the physical, sexual and/or psychological abuse that occurs between adults in an intimate relationship regardless of marital status

5	Salact	the most	correct	combination
	OHIBU		14011	

By treating victims , the Criminal Justice System can maintain or restore the victim's . for the law and thus prevent violence.

- 1 positively, optimism
- 2 fairly, respect
- 3 responsibly; belief
- 4 well, respect

(1)

6 Women and girls in South Africa are vulnerable to HIV infection due to the high incidences of

- 1 sexual assault
- 2 stigmatisation
- 3. survival sex.
- 4. xenophobic attacks

(1)

7 Select the most correct combination.

Tolman and Edleson (1992) describe emotional abuse as ., and .

- 1 non-physical; torture, indirect
- 2. mental, aggression; psychological maltreatment
- 3 psychological torture, direct, non-physical
- 4 indirect; mental torture; non-physical

(1)

- 8 Initiation schools for boys are attended
 - 1 for the purpose of enhancing their wellbeing
 - 2 in hygienic and uncomfortable surroundings
 - 3 throughout the year in South Africa
 - 4 primarily to be circumcised and to learn societal laws.

(1)

9 Select the most correct combination

Hate crimes include

- the use of terroristic threats, assault, harassment and arson.
- 2 the use of intimidation, vandalism, personal assaults and genocide.
- 3 victims of threats, harassment, physical harm and propaganda
- 4 victims of racial discrimination, ethnic cleansing and poverty

- 10 Who, according to Erin Pizzey (2004), is "hell-bent" on revenge and will take measures such as stalking a spouse or ex-spouse?
 - 1 Abusive husband
 - 2 Female partner
 - 3 Family terrorist
 - 4 Battered wife

- 11 Section 12 of the Children's Act 2005 protects children from harmful acts by
 - 1 not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights
 - 2 allowing a girl child to be subjected to Ukuthwala by family
 - 3 allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture
 - 4. giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices

(1)

- 12 Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) persons are subjected to various forms of victimisation. These include.
 - 1 Oppression and financial exploitation
 - 2 Corrective rape and discrimination
 - Marginalisation and forced prostitution
 - 4. Discrimination and harsh working conditions

(1)

13 Select the most correct combination

The field of Victimology emerged in the 1940s when the "fathers of Victimology" and . started studying crime victims

- 1 Mendelsohn and Von Hentig
- 2 Godfrey and Von Hentig
- 3 Vetten and Walklate
- 4 Walklate and Mendelsohn

(1)

- 14. Which statement, concerning a Victim Impact Statement (VIS.) is the most correct?
 - 1 The main focus of the VIS is on the offender as a target, i.e. the person who was robbed, attacked, raped or murdered
 - Victim Impact Statements have become increasingly popular in African, Eastern and Western countries as a valid legal document.
 - 3 There is a general agreement that the court should be able to make a recommendation for sentencing without the victim's view
 - 4 The VIS allows the court special insight into the crime committed and the offender's modus operandi

- 15 Which one of the following options concerning female genital mutilation is the most correct?
 - 1 Female genital mutilation is practiced for religious reasons as it is believed to be God's wish.
 - 2 Female genital mutilation is practiced for the sole purpose of encouraging safe sex.
 - 3 Female genital mutilation is practiced for health reasons as it promotes a girl's growth.
 - Female genital mutilation is practiced for hygienic reasons as it is believed that female genitalial
 are dirty.

- 16. Despite the efforts by NGOs', the recruitment of child soldiers prevails. As a result child soldiers often experience the following psychological consequences.
 - 1 Fear of the unknown, scars and educational shortcomings
 - 2. Irritability, sensitivity to light and suicidal tendencies
 - 3. Sensitivity to loud noises, being under/overweight and irritability
 - 4. Suicidal threats; poor self-image and illiteracy

(1)

- 17 Which statement concerning victims of HIV/Aids and gender based violent crimes is INCORRECT?
 - 1 Sexual assault of women and girls typically involves unprotected sex, which makes them psychologically more at risk of HIV infection than men.
 - 2 HIV/Aids related stigma was built on an environment in which gay and lesbian sexuality was criminalised and heavily stigmatised in the late apartheid SA
 - 3. Millions of South Africans living with the human immunodeficiency virus are stigmatised making them particularly vulnerable to victimisation
 - With the high incidence of sexual assault of women and girls in SA, they are particularly vulnerable to contracting the disease

(1)

- 18 Which one of the following statements regarding perpetrators of farm attacks is the most correct?
 - 1 They do not necessarily spend time gathering information before making brutal attacks on farm owners.
 - 2 They do not necessarily steal from the farmers before exiting the home or leaving the property
 - 3 They only target the farm owners and the family members of the farmer
 - 4 They usually burn, strangle, stab and shoot at their victims during attacks

(1)

19 Which theory does the statement below describe?

The basis of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser.

- 1 Battered woman's syndrome
- 2 Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment
- 3 Systems theory
- 4 Theory of separation assault

- Why has the responsibility for dealing with abuse of the elderly shifted to many more sectors of society?
 - 1 More than 300 complaints were received from mistreated people in old age homes
 - 2 Heavy demands and pressure are placed on the elderly receive social pensions
 - 3. Older people are now encouraged to live in their communities as long as possible
 - 4 Police officials and social workers were reluctant to act on reports of elder abuse

- 21 Children are trafficked for different reasons all of which can be defined as exploitation. Forms of exploitation have been identified and include
 - 1 pornography, begging and dangerous work
 - 2 begging, burglary and paedophilia
 - 3 bonded labour, farming, and forced marriage
 - 4 adoptions, drug use and domestic violence

(1)

- 22 Which definition of "victim" is the most correct from the options below?
 - Institutional entities and persons who have suffered harm through primary, secondary or tertiary means
 - Any person, entity or group who has suffered injury or loss due to illegal activity. Harm can be physically, emotional or economic
 - 3 Survivors who have been threatened emotionally and physically, by persons or entities that are illegal
 - 4 Any person, group or entity that has suffered injury or loss and has been harmed in various situations

(1)

- 23 Which statement concerning cultural practices is correct and is included in the Constitution?
 - 1. All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the Constitution of South Africa
 - 2 Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the Constitution and do not include harmful acts
 - Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities
 - 4 Provisions under sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law

24 Select the most correct combination

The "fathers of Victimology" that the attitude and behaviour contributed to the crime being committed

- 1. assumed, offender's
- 2. theonsed, perpetrator's
- 3 decided, victim's
- 4 theonsed, victim's
- 25 Which statement concerning victims of HIV/Aids and gender based violent crimes is INCORRECT?
 - 1 Gugu Dlamini was stoned to death
 - 2 Men are physiologically more at risk of HIV infection than women
 - 3. Women in abusive relationships are less able to negotiate condom usage
 - 4 The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited

(1)

[25]

SECTION A (Answer <u>ALL</u> questions on a mark reading sheet provided)

1	The severity of trauma experienced by victims after a farm attack can cause	
	1 false views of rage and feelings of guilt	
	2 fear that the family will be driven apart as a result of the trauma	
	feelings of empowerment to take matters into their own hands children being encouraged to protect themselves	
		(1)
2	Juveniles need special attention in prison because	
	1 special educational facilities are often required for juveniles with special need	s
	2 minors should be detained independently from adults	
	3 serious behavioural and emotional problems cannot be dealt with in prison	
	4 special education for juveniles with learning disabilities is too expensive	/41
		(1)
3	The criminologist as a scientist, can show the court the information, as well as the victim	the effect on
	1 human, circumstantial, financial	
	2 social, correct, physiological	
	3 human, factual, psychosocial	
	4 social, factual, emotional	741
		(1)
4	The following people can make a victim impact statement	
	3 Representative or lawyer of the victim	
	4 Primary victim or criminologist	
	,	(1)
_		
5	The aftermath of child trafficking and forced labour depends on the age of the child Often both their and are delayed, leaving a long-lasting mark on the child	concerned
	1 socialisation, education	
	2 development, growth	
	3 education, maturation	
	4 comprehension, self-esteem	141
		(1)

6 The criminal justice model gives the victims to	the right to
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- 2 Inform the court of the effect of victimisation
- 3 contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection
- 4 make use of rape crisis centres and shelters

- 7 The field of Victimology emerged in the 1940s when the "fathers of Victimology", and started to study victims of crime
 - 1 Walklate, Mendelsohn
 - 2 Godfrey, Von Hentig
 - 3 Vetten Walklate
 - 4 Mendelsohn Von Hentig

(1)

Victim policies not only contribute to the making of a more concerned and just society, but such policies can also help—and control

- 1 prevent, crime
- 2 solve, victimisation
- 3 minimise, violence
- 4 probe, criminality

(1)

- The Victim Empowerment Programme within the National Crime Prevention Strategy (NCPS) has the following key output
 - 1 To integrate criminal justice programmes and minimise the negative effects of crime
 - 2 To develop a comprehensive model that incorporates integrated service delivery to victims
 - 3 To encourage effective victim empowerment and private justice in the criminal justice system
 - 4 To promote and implement a victim-centred approach though rehabilitation programmes

(1)

- 10. Tolman and Edleson (1992) describe emotional abuse as , and
 - 1 non-physical, torture, indirect
 - 2 mental, aggression, psychological maltreatment
 - 3 indirect, mental torture, non-physical
 - 4 psychological torture, direct, non-physical

- 11 Which description of a "victim" is the MOST CORRECT from the options below?
 - Official entities and persons who have suffered harm through primary, secondary or tertiary means
 - 2 Any person, entity or group who has suffered injury or loss due to illegal activity. Harm can be physically, emotional or economic
 - 3 Survivors who have been threatened emotionally and physically, by persons or entities that are illegal
 - 4 Any person, group or entity that has suffered injury or loss and has been harmed in various situations

- 12 Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) persons are vulnerable to various forms of victimisation. These include
 - 1 Domination and financial exploitation
 - 2 Corrective rape and discrimination
 - 3 Marginalisation and forced prostitution
 - 4 Discrimination and harsh working conditions

(1)

- 13 Which statement concerning women with violent or controlling partners is INCORRECT?
 - 1 They are less able to negotiate condom usage
 - 2 The woman is ill-informed and blamed by officials
 - 3 The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited
 - 4 They are often economically dependent on their abusive partners

(1)

- 14 Initiation schools for boys are attended
 - for the purpose of improving their wellbeing
 - 2 in hygienic and uncomfortable surroundings
 - 3 during the course of the year in South Africa
 - 4 primarily to be circumcised and to learn social laws

(1)

- Which perspective does the following statement describe? The foundation of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser.
 - 1 Battered woman's syndrome
 - 2 Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment
 - 3 Systems theory
 - 4 Theory of separation assault

- 16 Which statement concerning secondary victimisation is INCORRECT?
 - 1 Unfavourable remarks which increases their sense of defencelessness
 - 2 Reinforcement to seek medical and psychological help
 - 3 The victims are ill-informed and blamed by the officials
 - 4 Inappropriate questioning by court officials in court

- 17 Section 12 of the Children's Act 2005 protects children from harmful acts by
 - 1 giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices
 - allowing a girl child to be subjected to "Ukuthwala" by her family
 - allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture
 - 4 not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights

(1)

- Which one of the following statements regarding sexual violence in prison is the **MOST CORRECT**?
 - 1 Heterosexual men who are raped in prison question their sexuality and may perceive themselves as intrasexual
 - Sexual violence towards men in prison may include the use of objects and women's underwear
 - 3 Male prisoners who are raped question their manliness and are vulnerable to further assault
 - 4 "Wyfies" are regarded as sex objects and domestic servants by the prison guards

(1)

- 19 Which statement concerning cultural practices is **CORRECT** and is included in the Constitution?
 - Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the constitution and do not include harmful acts
 - 2 All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the constitution of South Africa
 - 3 Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities
 - 4 Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law

20	By treating victims	, the criminal justice system can maintain or restore the victim's	for the
	law and thus prever	nt violence	

- 1 fairly, respect
- 2 responsibly, belief
- 3 positively, optimism
- 4 well, respect

- 21 What will happen if the contents of a victim impact statement are disputed?
 - 1 The author or victim will have to be called as a witness
 - 2 The document will not be deliberated at all in court
 - 3 The court will have to reassess the conviction
 - 4 The victim will be encouraged to appeal.

(1)

- Which one of the following statements on female genital mutilation/cutting is INCORRECT?
 - Female genital mutilation/cutting is practiced on children, adolescents and on infants in Ethiopia
 - 2 Religious foundations for female genital mutilation/cutting are commonly found throughout history.
 - 3 Practitioners are generally traditional birth attendants or midwives
 - 4. Practitioners' status in the community can be linked with the operation

(1)

- 23 The societal impact of hate crime victimisation includes
 - 1 feelings of being unsafe, diarrhoea and destabilisation
 - 2 nightmares, feeling unprotected and intimidated
 - 3 fear, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation
 - 3 sleep disturbances, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result in polarisation

(1)

- 24 According to Geldenhuys (2007) there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that
 - this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights
 - this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem
 - 3 sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society
 - 4 all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison

- 25 Which statement concerning victims of HIV/Aids and gender based violent crimes is **INCORRECT?**
 - 1 There exists no difference in vulnerability and gender
 - 2 Men are physiologically less at risk of HIV infection than women
 - 3 Women in abusive relationships are less able to negotiate condom usage
 - 4 The woman's right to remain in or terminate the abusive relationship is limited

[25]

SECTION B: Answer THREE questions: ONE 25 mark question,

ONE 15 mark question; and ONE 10 mark question

Answer one question (Number your answers exactly as they appear on the question paper)

Discuss in detail the ways in which males and females can become victims of detrimental cultural practices and how future victimisation can be prevented

[25]

2 Provide an in depth discussion of secondary victimisation within the Criminal Justice System (CJS) and explain how victims can be supported and empowered through victim support models

[25]

Answer one question (Number your answers exactly as they appear on the question paper)

Outline and discuss the dynamics of street children in Africa and survival sex by focusing on how they are victimised due to their vulnerability

[15]

Describe how farm attacks can be prevented and describe the role of the criminal justice system (CJS) in farm protection

[15]

Answer one question (Number your answers exactly as they appear on the question paper)

5 What is the purpose of a Victim Impact Statement (VIS)?

[10]

6 Discuss the four (4) types of domestic violence

[10]

Total: 75 marks

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SECTION A (Answer ALL questions on a mark-reading sheet provided)

- 1 Which of the following options concerning female genital mutilation is the most correct?
 - 1 Female genital mutilation is practiced for religious reasons as it is believed to be God's wish
 - 2 Female genital mutilation is practiced for the sole purpose of encouraging safe sex
 - 3 Female genital mutilation is practiced for health reasons as it promotes a girl's growth
 - 4 Female genital mutilation is practiced for hygienic reasons as it is believed that female genitalia are dirty

(1)

- 2 Children are trafficked for different reasons, all of which can be defined as exploitation. Forms of exploitation have been identified and include
 - pornography, begging and dangerous work
 - 2 begging, burglary and paedophilia
 - 3 bonded labour, farming, and forced marriage
 - 4 adoptions, drug use and domestic violence

(1)

- 3 Which definition of "victim" is the most correct from the options below?
 - Institutional entities and persons who have suffered harm through primary, secondary or tertiary means
 - Any person, entity or group who has suffered injury or loss due to illegal activity. Harm can be physically, emotional or economic
 - Survivors who have been threatened emotionally and physically, by persons or entities that are illegal
 - 4 Any person, group or entity that has suffered injury or loss and has been harmed in various situations

(1)

- 4 Which statement concerning cultural practices is correct and is included in the Constitution?
 - All forms of cultural practices are acceptable and protected by the Constitution of South Africa
 - Provisions are made for customary law, which are not in conflict with the Constitution and do not include harmful acts
 - Some forms of violence should be viewed sympathetically as gender and cultural practices within communities
 - 4 Provisions under Sections 30 and 31 of the Constitution give due respect to cultural inclusion and statutory law

5	Initiation schools for boys are attended	
	for the purpose of enhancing their wellbeing in hygienic and uncomfortable surroundings throughout the year in South Africa	
	throughout the year in South Africa primarily to be circumcised and to learn societal laws (1)
6	Select the most correct option below. Hate crimes include	
	 the use of terroristic threats, assault, harassment and arson the use of intimidation, vandalism, personal assaults and genocide 	
	 victims of threats, harassment, physical harm and propaganda victims of racial discrimination, ethnic cleansing and poverty)
7	Section 12 of the Children's Act, 2005 protects children from harmful acts by	
	 not ignoring the child's universal rights under the Bill of Rights allowing a girl child to be subjected to Ukuthwala by family 	
	3 allowing circumcisions of all children as part of their culture	
	4 giving each child the privilege of partaking in all cultural practices (1)
8	Lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender (LGBT) persons are subjected to various forms of victimisation. These include	of
	1 Oppression and financial exploitation 2 Corrective rape and discrimination 3 Marginalisation and forced prostitution	
	 Marginalisation and forced prostitution Discrimination and harsh working conditions 	
	(1)
9	Who, according to Erin Pizzey (2004), is "hell-bent" on revenge and will take measures such a stalking a spouse or ex-spouse?	s
	1 Abusive husband 2 Family terrorist	
	3 Battered wife	
	4 Female partner (1)
10	The South African Law Commission recommends that—should access, and take into account the knowledge, use and manipulation of a particular victim's—for the purpose of sentencing	е
	1 police officers, victim's, harm	
	 court officials, person's, injuries residing officers, individual's, losses 	
	4 judicial officers, offender's, vulnerability	
	(1)

- 11 Juveniles need special attention in prison because
 - 1 children (under the age of 21) must be detained separately from adults
 - 2 serious behavioural and emotional problems cannot be dealt with in prison
 - 3 special education for juveniles with learning disabilities is too expensive
 - 4 special educational facilities are often needed for juveniles with special needs

- 12 The phenomenon of xenophobia in South Africa includes
 - South Africans who favour forceful approaches to controlling immigration and putting more money into boarder control and protection
 - 3 government and other agencies which have a major task ahead of them if they are to convince South Africans to support a more exclusive immigration policy
 - 4 government and NGOs being supportive of South Africans who are intolerant of outsiders immigrating from neighbouring countries

(1)

- can be defined as , both male and female, who engage in sexual activities for money, profit or any other consideration as a result of coercion or influence
 - 1 Trafficked sex workers, victims
 - 2 Vulnerable sexual victims, minorities
 - 3 The child sex industry, adolescents
 - 4 Commercial sexual exploitation, children

(1)

- 14 Secondary victimisation in the criminal justice system means
 - 1 the courts focus on the victim's needs and wants
 - 2 that victims are treated with caution and respect
 - 3 the victims are blamed without legal representation
 - 4 that victims are ill-informed and blamed by officials

(1)

15 The criminal justice model gives victims the right to

- benefit from state compensation funds
- 2 inform the court of the effect of victimisation
- 3 contribute to the prevention of crime through self-protection
- 4 make use of rape crisis centres and shelters

Which one of the following definitions of domestic violence is correct?			
	1	Domestic violence consists of slaps, pushes, shoves and shouting which is considere abusive and abnormal violence	
	2	Domestic violence is the physical, sexual and/or psychological abuse that occurs in a	113
	3	Domestic violence is an act carried out with the sole intention of causing physical pain.	-
	4	injury to another person or animal Domestic violence is considered as normal and abnormal violence of one family member towards another family member	
17	Wor	men and girls in South Africa are vulnerable to HIV infection due to the high incidences of	1)
	1	xenophobic attacks	
	2	stigmatisation sexual assault	
	3 4		1)
18		e "fathers of Victimology" that the attitude and behaviour contributed to the crime bein nmitted	ng
	1	assumed, offender's	
	2	theorised, victim's decided, victim's	
	3 4	Absoluted margatrator's	(1)
19	The	societal impact of hate crime victimisation includes	
		feelings of being unsafe and destabilisation	
	1	Lawrence for all the upper too took and intimidated	
	3	fear, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the community which result	111
	4	polarisation sleep disturbances, renewed conflicts around previous areas of division in the commun	uty
	•	which result in polarisation	(1)
20	Vic pol	stim policies not only contribute to the making of a more concerned and just society, but such icies can also help—and control	
	1	prevent, crime	
	2	solve, victimisation	
	3 4	minimise, violence probe, criminality	,,,,
	7	Example 100 No. 100 No.	(1)

- 21 The Victim Empowerment Programme within the National Crime Prevention Strategy (NCPS) has the following key output
 - To integrate criminal justice programmes and minimise the negative effects of crime
 - 2 To develop a comprehensive model that incorporates integrated service delivery to victims
 - 3 To encourage effective victim empowerment and private justice in the criminal justice system
 - 4 To promote and implement a victim-centred approach though rehabilitation programmes

- 22 The criminologist as a scientist, can show the court the information, as well as the effect on the victim
 - 1 human, circumstantial, financial
 - 2 social, correct, physiological
 - 3 human, factual, psychosocial
 - 4 social, factual, emotional

(1)

- 23 The aftermath of child trafficking and forced labour depend on the age of the child concerned Often both their and are delayed, leaving a long-lasting mark on the child
 - 1 socialisation, education
 - 2 development, growth
 - 3 education, maturation
 - 4 comprehension, self-esteem

(1)

24 Which perspective does the following statement describe?

"The foundation of the victim's reactions is ascribed to the episodic nature of the abuse and not the battering cycle per se. The abused victim begins to feel increasingly more negative about herself and more in need of her abuser."

- 1 Battered woman's syndrome
- 2 Theory of traumatic bonding and psychological entrapment
- 3 Systems theory
- 4 Theory of separation assault

(1)

- 25 According to Geldenhuys (2007), there is an increase in sexual violence around the world. He further states that
 - this violence occurs more in prisons and is a violation of basic human rights
 - this violence occurs in similar circumstances as other crimes and is a health problem sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence in prisons.
 - 3 sexual violence in prisons contributes to random acts of violence, both in prisons and society
 - 4 all prisoners are targeted for sexual assault when they enter the prison

(1)

[25]