



COS1521

(497174)

May/June 2016

**RCO1521** 

(497272)

#### **COMPUTER SYSTEMS: FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS**

Duration

2 Hours

100 Marks

**EXAMINERS** 

FIRST

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#### Closed book examination.

This examination question paper remains the property of the University of South Africa and may not be removed from the examination venue

This paper consists of 27 pages and the instructions for the completion of a mark-reading sheet

Please complete the attendance register on the back page, tear it off and hand it to the invigilator

#### **Instructions:**

- 1 All the questions in this paper are multiple-choice
- 2 There are 80 questions in total Your total mark out of 80 will be converted to a final exam mark out of 100
- 3 Answer all the questions There is also space for rough work
- 4 Using a pencil, answer all the questions on the mark-reading sheet
- 5 Remember to fill in the unique number (see top of page) on the mark-reading sheet
- 6 You are not allowed to use a calculator

**EVERYTHING OF THE BEST!** 

This paper consists of 80 multiple-choice questions.

Each question is worth 1 mark.

Your total out of 80 will be converted to give a final exam mark out of 100.

Mark only one alternative per question with a pencil on the mark-reading sheet. (Remember to fill in the unique number.)

# Section A: Computer background, number systems, data storage, operations on data and logic (27 marks)

#### **QUESTION 1**

Which subsystem of a computer is responsible for the sending of signals to other subsystems?

- 1 Memory
- 2 Arithmetic logic unit
- 3 Control unit
- 4 Input/Output

#### **QUESTION 2**

Computer science has created some peripheral issues Privacy, copyright and computer crime are categorized as \_\_\_\_\_ issues

- l social
- 2 digital divide
- 3 security
- 4 ethical

#### **QUESTION 3**

Convert the decimal number (75 55)10 to binary

- $1 \quad (101011\ 10001)_2$
- $2 (101011\ 10010)_2$
- 3 (101011 10000)2
- 4 (101011 11000)2

QUESTION 4 Convert the binary number (1101010 11) <sub>2</sub> to hexadecimal
1 (6A 3) <sub>16</sub> 2 (6A C) <sub>16</sub> 3 (D4 3) <sub>16</sub> 4 (D4 C) <sub>16</sub>
QUESTION 5 Convert (8F C) <sub>16</sub> to an octal number
1 (117 3) <sub>8</sub> 2 (79 6) <sub>8</sub> 3 (117 6) <sub>8</sub> 4 (79 3) <sub>8</sub>
QUESTION 6 What decimal integer is stored in memory (8 bits) as 110100010 in 2's complement representation?  1 -114 2 114 3 -46 4 46
Rough work
[TURN OVER]

Which one of the following statements regarding the storing of images is TRUE?

- 1 Raster graphics is used when we need to store a digital image
- 2 The scanning rate in image processing is called resolutions
- 3 A vector graphic image store bit patterns for each pixel
- 4 Raster graphics decompose an image into a combination of geometrical shapes

#### **QUESTION 8**

Convert (101110 101)<sub>2</sub> to normalized form

- 1  $(10111010)_2 \times (2^5)_{10}$
- 2  $(0101110101)_2 \times (2^6)_{10}$
- 3  $(101110101)_2 \times (2^3)_{10}$
- 4  $(0101110101)_2 \times (2^6)_{10}$

#### **QUESTION 9**

Calculate (10011001)<sub>2</sub> XOR (00101110),

- $1 (11001000)_2$
- $2 (01001000)_2$
- $3 (00110111)_2$
- $4 (10110111)_2$

#### **QUESTION 10**

A mask is used to unset bits of the bit pattern 10100110 (input) What is the output if the mask 00100100 is applied?

- 1 01011001
- 2 00000100
- 3 10110101
- 4 10100110

#### **QUESTION 11**

Calculate  $(1011\ 01)_2 + (111)_2$ 

- $1 (1101.00)_2$
- $2 (1001001)_2$
- $3 (110101)_2$
- $4 (10010\ 10)_2$

Rough w	<u>ork</u>
-	

Calculate the simplest form of the Boolean function AB'C + (AB'C)'D ?

- $1 \quad AB'C + D$
- 2 A+B+C+D
- 3 D'
- 4 AB'C

#### **QUESTION 13**

Which of the examples below expresses the associative rule of Boolean algebra?

- 1 (x + y) + z = x + (y + z)
- $2 \quad x(y+z) = xy + xz$
- $3 \quad x + (y + z) = xy + xz$
- $4 \quad x(yz) = (xy)z$

#### **QUESTION 14**

Which Boolean rule represents the Boolean function  $x(x' + y) = xy^{\gamma}$ 

- 1 Commutative rule
- 2 Distributive rule
- 3 Absorption rule
- 4 Identity rule

#### **QUESTION 15**

After applying DeMorgan's theorem to the expression [(A + B + C) D]', the result is

- 1 A'B'C'D'
- 2 (ABC)' D
- 3 ABC D'
- 4 A'B'C' + D'

Rough work

The following question refer to the incomplete truth table below for the expression

$$G = A'C + AB'$$

What is the expression G in sum of minterms form?

A	В	<b>C</b> _	G	minterms	m-notation
0	0	0			$m_0$
0	0	1	1	.,	m <sub>1</sub>
				A'BC'	
0	1	1			m <sub>3</sub>
1	0	0			
1	1	1			

4			
	m.	$_{\perp}$ m <sub>2</sub>	m.
	1111	A 4417	<b>4 1117</b>

 Rough work	
	·
 <del></del>	
	<u> </u>

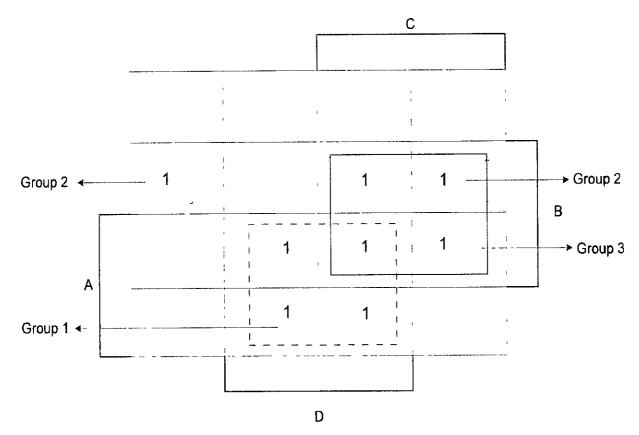
 $<sup>2</sup> m_{1+} m_{4+} m_5$ 

 $<sup>3</sup> m_{0+} m_{2+} m_3$ 

 $<sup>4</sup> m_{0+} m_{4+} m_5$ 

• :

### The following TWO questions refer to the Karnaugh diagram below:



#### **QUESTION 17**

Which term represents Group 29

- 1 B
- 2 A'BD'
- 3 A'BC
- 4 BD'

### **QUESTION 18**

Which term represents Group 39

- 1 A'B
- 2 D'B
- 3 BC
- 4 CBD

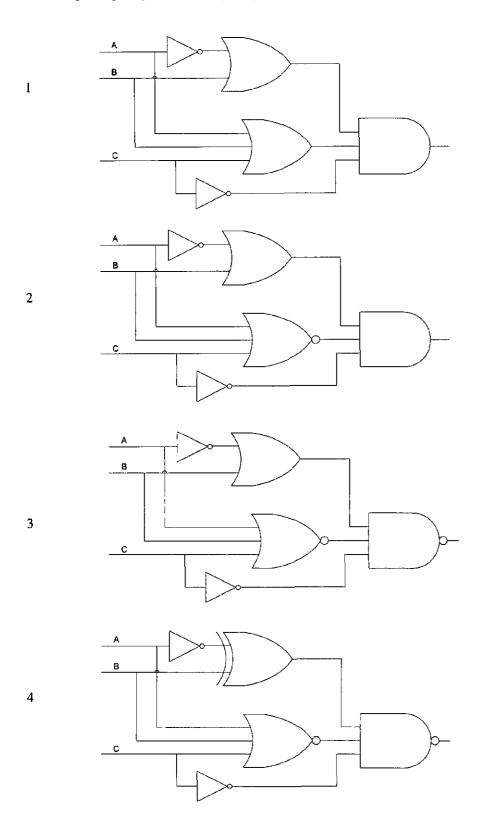
Which of the Karnaugh diagrams below represents the expression  $X = AC + BC + B^{\circ}$ 

		B'C'	B,C	BC	BC'
1	A'	1	1	1	ı
	A	0	0	0	0
			•		<u> </u>
		B,C,	B'C	BC	BC'
2	A'	0	0	0	0
	Α	1	1	1	1
2		B'C'	ВС	BC	BC'
3	A'	0	0	1	1
	Α	0	1	1	1
					·

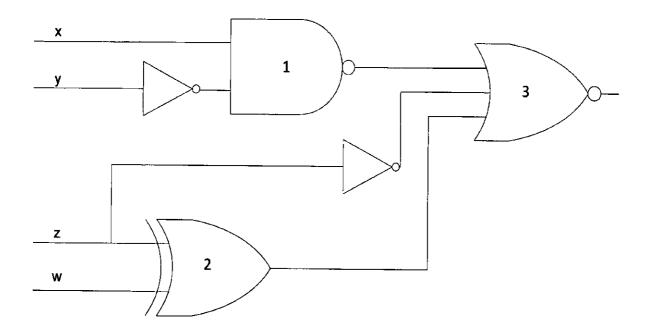
	B'C'	В'С	BC	BC'
A'	1	1	1	0
Α	1	l	J	0

Rough work	
·	

QUESTION 20
Which logic diagram presents the logic expression BC'?



### Question 21, 22 and 23 refer to the following combinational logic circuit:



#### **QUESTION 21**

Gate 2 is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_ gate

- 1 AND
- 2 NAND
- 3 NOR
- 4 XOR

#### **QUESTION 22**

What is the output of Gate 29

- 1 z'⊕w
- 2 z ⊕ w
- 3 z + w
- 4 zw' + z'w

### **QUESTION 23**

What is the output of Gate 3?

- 1 [(x' + y) + z'(z + w)]'
- 2 (x + y') (z' + zw' + 'wz)'
- 3  $[(xy')' + z' + (z \bigoplus w)]'$
- 4  $[(xy')' + z'(z' \bigoplus w)]'$

Rough work

### The following FOUR questions refer to the following scenario:

Three sensors are attached to a printing device, with two alarms attached to the sensors

- The first sensor, "A," detects if the printer needs ink
- The second sensor, "B," detects if the printer needs repair
- The third sensor, "C," detects if the printer should jam

If the printer jams or needs repair, alarm 1 sounds. If the printer jams or is short on ink, alarm 2 sounds

Suppose the input variables A, B and C in a truth table take on the value 1 whenever a problem is detected. For example, if A = 0, B = 1 and C = 1, it means that the printer needs repair (B) or the printer jams (C) and alarm 1 will sounds

A Boolean function F(A,B,C) is defined as follows F(A,B,C) = 1 when two or more problems occur at once and a zero otherwise

Different combinations inputs for A, B and C are given in the tables provided in the following FOUR questions Which alternative shows the correct outputs for F in EACH of the following FOUR questions?

#### **QUESTION 24**

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Α	В	C	F	F	F	F
0	1	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0

#### **QUESTION 25**

Alternative 1 Alternative 2 Alter						Alternative 4
A	В	C	F	F	F	F
1	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	0

#### **QUESTION 26**

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
A	В	C	F	F	F	F
0	1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	1	1	0

			Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
A	В	C	F	F	F	ŀ
1	1	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	1	0

Rough work	
	_
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#### Section B: Computer systems, organisation and networks

(18 marks)

#### **QUESTION 28**

Which one of the following is among the three main operations performed by the arithmetic logic unit (ALU) of a computer?

- Encode
- 2 Search
- 3 Scan
- Shift

#### **QUESTION 29**

What is the task of the registers when the CPU needs to access a word in main memory?

- 1 Treat the input data as bit patterns
- 2 Facilitates the operations of the CPU
- Controls the operation pf each subsystem
- Shift bit patterns to the left or right

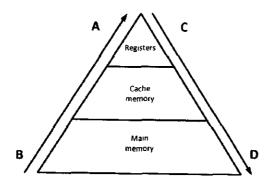
#### **QUESTION 30**

Which one of the following statements IS NOT TRUE about auxiliary storage devices?

- They are volatile
- They can be magnetic
- They are considered to be I/O devices
- They can be optical

#### **QUESTION 31**

In the following figure the hierarchical levels of memory are provided The costliness (A and B) and speed (C and D) with regard to the memory hierarchy are indicated by the arrowed lines in the figure Choose the alternative that gives the correct information for A, B, C and D



- 1 A less costly,
- B more costly
- C slowest,
- D fastest

- 2 A more costly,
- B less costly,
- C Tastest.
- D slowest

- 3 A less costly,
- B more costly,
- C fastest.
- D slowest

- 4 A more costly
- B less costly,
- C slowest,
- D fastest

#### **OUESTION 32**

In the decode phase of the machine cycle, an instruction is an instruction register is decoded by the

- 1 ALU
- 2 control unit
- 3 memory
- 4 programmed I/O

#### **QUESTION 33**

A computer has 1024 MB of memory Each word in this computer has 64 bytes. How many bits are needed to address any single word in memory?

- 1 25
- 2 26
- 3 23
- 4 24

#### **QUESTION 34**

Pipelining can be defined as

- 1 The simulation of complex instructions by using simple instructions
- 2 Programming to be done in two levels. microoperations and microprogramming
- 3 Processing of an instruction starts before another instruction is finished
- 4 A single computer having multiple control units, multiple logic units and multiple memory units

#### **QUESTION 35**

A host communicates with another host using the TCP/IP protocol. What is the unit of data send or received by the application layer?

- 1 message
- 2 datagram
- 3 frame
- 4 bytes

#### **QUESTION 36**

There are several layers in the Internet TCP/IP suite. What is the transport layer responsible for?

- 1 Node-to-node delivery of frames
- 2 Delivery of individual packets form the source host to the destination host
- 3 Providing services to the user
- 4 Logical delivery of a message between client and server processes

#### **QUESTION 37**

Which of the following is NOT a component of email architecture?

- 1 MTA server
- 2 MAA client
- 3 FTP protocol
- 4 UA program

Ā	UESTION 3 computer the	at translates	of another computer into a(n)	_ and vice versa, upon request is
1	Domain na	me and IP address		
2	Host addre	ess and Domain name		
3	Domain na	ame and server address		
4	Server nan	ne and IP address		
_	UESTION 3	9 dentifiers needed to def	ina a wahnaga?	
**.	nat are the n	icinificis needed to def	me a weopage	
1		lient, port, path		
2		ost, browser, path		
		ost port, path lient, server, path		
		_		
_	UESTION 4			
In	0	nly one program can re	side in memory for execution	
1	monoprogi	ramming		
2.	multiprogr			
	partitionin	=		
4	paging			
<b>~</b> T	ECHTON 4	4		
_	ESTION 4		qually sized sections called	
m I	paging, a me	mory is divided into eq	quarry sized sections carted	
1	pages			
2	frames			
3	segments			
4	partitions			
ΔĽ	ESTION 42	•		
			s belongs to the swapping category?	
** 1	A	Paging	s belongs to the swapping category	
	В	Segmentation		
	C	Demand paging		
	D	Demand paging  Demand segmentation	n	
	E	Partitioning	ıx	
	13	r m monnig		
1	A and B			
2	B and C			
3	C and D			

4 D and E

A process in the ready state goes to the running state when \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 it enters memory
- 2 it requests
- 3 It gets access to the CPU
- 4 it finishes running

#### **QUESTION 44**

The operating system synchronises different processes with different resources but a deadlock can occur. There are four necessary conditions for a deadlock to occur. Which of the following is the correct description of the 'NO PREEMPTION' condition?

- 1 The operating system cannot temporarily relocate a resource
- 2 Only one process can hold a resource
- 3 A process holds a resource even though it cannot use it until other resources are available
- 4 All processes and resources involved form a loop

#### **OUESTION 45**

Which ONE of the following managers is responsible for archiving and backup?

- 1 memory
- 2 process
- 3 device
- 4 file

## Section C: Computer algorithms, programming and software development

**(18 marks)** 

#### **QUESTION 46**

A list contains the following elements

7 10 17 19 35 40 48 69 76 81 83 98 110

At the beginning, first = 1, mid = 7 and last = 13 What are the values of first, mid and last respectively after two more iterations of the binary search algorithm if the goal is 35?

- 1 1, 3, 6
- 2 2, 5, 8
- 3 4, 5, 6
- 4 7, 10, 13

Suppose a list contains the following elements

55 71 16 33 65 48 83 24

What is the order of the elements in the list after three passes if selection sort is used?

- 1 16 24 33 55 65 48 83 71
- 2 16 71 55 33 65 48 83 24
- 3 16 24 55 33 65 48 83 71
- 4 16 24 33 55 48 65 71 83

Rough work

In which Sorting algorithms is the list to be sorted divided in to two sublists – sorted and unsorted, and separated by an imaginary wall?

- 1 Selection sort
- 2 Bubble sort
- 3 Insertion sort
- 4 Deletion sort

#### **QUESTION 49**

Which construct is represented by the below Pseudocode?

```
get our number
set our initial count to 0
while our number is greater than I
divide the number 2
increase our count by I
end
```

- 1 Sequence
- 2 Decision
- 3 Repetition
- 4 Generalization

#### **QUESTION 50**

The way a card game player arranges his cards as he picks them up one by one, is an example of?

- 1 Bubble sort
- 2 Selection sort
- 3 Insertion sort
- 4 Merge sort

#### **QUESTION 51**

Which one of the following is a logical parts of the 'Summation' algorithm?

- 1 Swap the selection algorithm
- 2 Initialization of the product at the beginning
- 3 The loop, which in each iteration multiplies a new integer with the product
- 4 Return of the result after exiting from the loop

Which language was understood by the computer hardware, and the language was made of electronic switches with two states?

- I Computer language
- 2 High-level language
- 3 Assembly language
- 4 Machine language

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(1	)	_and (11) are both classified as object-oriented languages
1	(ı) BASIC	(n) C#
2	(1) Java	(II) C
3	(1) C	(11) Visual Basic
4	(1) C++	(11) C#

#### **QUESTION 54**

During the source code translation process, the source file goes through a series of sub-processes to its final output. In which sub-process a set of tokens are parses to find instructions?

- 1 syntax analysis
- 2 lexical analysis
- 3 code generation
- 4 semantic analysis

#### **QUESTION 55**

What is the tool used by a programmer to convert a source program into the object program?

- 1 Compiler
- 2 Language translator
- 3 Linker
- 4 Preprocessor

#### **QUESTION 56**

Which computer programming language is known for using prolog?

- Declarative
- 2 Functional
- 3 Procedural
- 4 Object-oriented

Λī	JES	TΙΛ	N	57
w	JEO.			31

Which one is a common language in the business environmen	Which one is a common	language i	in the business	environment
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- 1 FORTRAN
- 2 C++
- 3 C
- 4 COBOL

State whether True or False for the Incremental model

- A Software is developed in a series of steps.
- B They do not add more functionality until the existing system works properly
- 1 False, False
- 2 False, True
- 3 True, False
- 4 True, True

#### **QUESTION 59**

Coupling is \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 the encapsulation of data and methods
- 2 the division of a large program into smaller parts that can communicate with each other
- 3 a measure of how tightly two modules are bound to each other
- 4 a measure of how closely the modules in a system are related

#### **QUESTION 60**

Transferability is one of the measures for software quality Transferability includes

- 1 portability
- 2 changeability
- 3 flexibility
- 4 efficiency

#### **QUESTION 61**

\_\_\_\_\_ is a black box testing method?

- 1 Boundary value testing
- 2 Basic path testing
- 3 Code path testing
- 4 Control stricture testing

The objective of testing phase is?

- 1 to debug software
- 2 to uncover errors
- 3 to gain modularity
- 4 to analyse system

#### **QUESTION 63**

Documentation is needed in order to use software properly and maintain it efficiently. Technical documentation

- 1 describes the installation and the servicing of the software system
- 2 defines the software itself
- 3 can be a very powerful marketing tool
- 4 shows how to use the software step by step

#### Section D: Computer data and files structure, and databases

(17 marks)

#### **QUESTION 64**

All the members of a record must be \_\_\_\_\_

- 1 the same type
- 2 related type
- 3 integer type
- 4 character type

#### **QUESTION 65**

Which of the following best describes what a linked list is?

- 1 A collection of fields that are all related to one object
- 2 A sequenced collection of elements, normally of the same data type
- 3 A collection of related elements, possible of different types
- 4 A collection of data in which each element contains the location of the next element

#### **QUESTION 66**

Which of the following operations can be defined on array structures?

- A Searching
- B Deletion
- C Retrieval
- D Insertion

Al	lternatives

- 1 Only A, B and C
- 2 Only B, C and D
- 3 Only A, B and D
- 4 A, B, C, and D

#### **OUESTION 67**

Given a linked list called children, the pointer variable children identifies \_\_\_\_\_\_ element of the linked list

- 1 first
- 2 second
- 3 middle
- 4 last

#### **QUESTION 68**

What is an ordered collection of data in which each element contains the location of the next element?

- 1 An array
- 2 A record
- 3 A linked list
- 4 A node

#### **QUESTION 69**

State whether the below two statements are True or False regarding retrieving elements

- A Retrieving means randomly accessing an element for the purpose of inspecting or copying the data contained in the element
- B Retrieving is a difficult operation when a data structure is an array
- 1 False, False
- 2 False, True
- 3 True, False
- 4 True, True

#### **QUESTION 70**

When a sequential file is updated, which file contains the changes to be applied?

- 1 new master
- 2 old master
- 3 transaction
- 4 error report

_	UESTION 71 hat is the address produced by a hashing algorithm?
1	probe
2	synonym
3	collision
4	home
Q	UESTION 72
H	ow many field(s) does the index of an indexed file has?
1	one
2	two
3	three
4	four
_	UESTION 73 hen using digit extraction hashing, selected digits are extracted from the key and used as
1	the buckets
2	the address
3	the record
4	the report
_	IESTION 74 such one of the following steps is NOT correct when accessing a record in the file?
1 2	The entire index file is loaded into main memory  The index entries are searched, using an efficient search algorithm such as a binary search, to find the desired key
3	The address of the record is retrieved
4	Using the address, the data record is retrieved and passed to the mapping

The data model and the schema of a DBMS are often defined at the \_\_\_\_\_level

**QUESTION 75** 

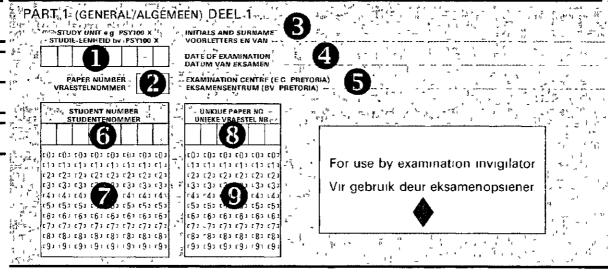
physical
 internal
 conceptual
 external

QL	UESTION 76				
In t	the	model, the entities are organised in a graph, in which some entities can be accessed through			
several paths					
1	Network				
2	Distributed				
3	Relational				
4	Hierarchical				
QĮ	UESTION 77				
Wł	hat name is given to	o a column of relation (table)?			
1	Attribute				
2	Tuple				
3	Field				
4	Cardinality				
Q	UESTION 78				
A	binary operator is a	applied to relations(s) and creates an output of	_relation(s)		
1	one, one				
2	one, two				
3	two, one				
4	two, two				
QĮ	UESTION 79				
In a	a replicated distribu	uted database,			
1	data are localised				
2	objects and their r	relations are defined			
3	each site holds an	exact duplication of another site			
4	any modification t	to data stored in one site is repeated exactly at every site			
QĮ	UESTION 80				
Wł	hich of the followin	ng 1s a declarative language used on relational databases?			
1	PDQ				
2	SQL				
3	LES				
4	PBJ				

### UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH AFRICA UNISA **EXAMINATION MARK READING SHEET**



### university of south hirica UNIVERSITEIT VAN SUID-AFRIKA **EKSAMEN-MERKLEESBLAD**



#### IMPORTANT

- 1. USE ONLY AN HB PENCIL TO COMPLETE THIS SHEET
- 2 MARK LIKE THIS +2
- CHECK THAT YOUR INITIALS AND SURNAME HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- 4 ENTER YOUR STUDENT NUMBER FROM LEFT TO RIGHT
- CHECK THAT YOUR STUDENT NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- CHECK THAT THE UNIQUE NUMBER HAS BEEN FILLED IN CORRECTLY
- CHECK THAT ONLY ONE ANSWER PER QUESTION HAS BEEN MARKED
- 8 DO NOT FOLD

#### BELANGRIK

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- VUL U STUDENTENOMMER VAN LINKS NA REGS IN
- KONTROLEER DAT U DIE KORREKTE STUDENTENOMMER VERSTREK HET 5
- 6 KONTROLEER DAT DIE UNIEKS NOMMER REG INGEVUL IS
- MAAK SEKER DAT NET EEN ALTERNATIFF PER VRAAG GEMERK IS
- 8 MOENIE VOU NIE

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