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## Chapter 3

## Part 1 of 1 -

14.0/ 25.0 Points

## Question 1 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

TCP/IP - a suite of protocols that includes protocols such as TCP, IP, UDP and ARP.

- ✓ ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

## Question 2 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

OSI model has seven layers

- ✓ ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

## Question 3 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

In the OSI model, \_\_\_\_\_ is the 3rd layer.

- ✓ ☐ A. Physical layer  
☐ B. Transport layer  
☒ C. Network layer  
☐ D. Session

**Answer Key:** C

## Question 4 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

In the OSI model, \_\_\_\_\_ is the seventh layer.

- ✓ ☒ A. Application layer  
☐ B. Presentation  
☐ C. Session  
☐ D. Transport

**Answer Key:** A

## Question 5 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

What do we call a device that allows two or more networks or multiple parts of one network to connect and exchange data? ~~Router~~.**Answer Key:** Connectivity device

## Question 6 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

✓ Tcp operates in the Transport layer of OSI model.**Answer Key:** TCP

## Question 7 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

TCP segment consists of:-

- ✓ ☐ A. TCP header  
☐ B. Data  
☐ C. Destination port  
☒ D. A and B

**Answer Key:** D

## Question 8 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

The UDP header contains these fields; source port, destination port, length and checksum.

-  ☐ A. True  
☒ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

## Question 9 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

Checksum field in UDP is required in IPv4, but optional in IPv6

-  ☐ A. True  
☒ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

## Question 10 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

IP operates at the  Network of the OSI model.

**Answer Key:** Network layer

## Question 11 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

TCP/IP is a connectionless protocol.

-  ☐ A. True  
☒ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

## Question 12 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

IP depends on  Tcp to ensure data packets are delivered to the right address

**Answer Key:** TCP

## Question 13 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

Flags and Source IP address as some of the fields found in IPv4 Packets.

-  ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

## Question 14 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

How many field does an IPv6 packet contain?

-  ☐ A. 2  
☐ B. 9  
☐ C. 6  
☒ D. 8

**Answer Key:** B

## Question 15 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

The length of a flow label in an IPv6 packet is:

-  ☐ A. 20 bits  
☐ B. 16 bits  
☐ C. 8 bits  
☒ D. 4 bits

**Answer Key:** A

## Question 16 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

ICMP is a Transport layer core protocol that reports one the success or failure of data delivery

-  ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

## Question 17 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

Internet Control Message Protocol correct errors it detects

-  ☐ A. True  
☒ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

Question 18 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

Firewall uses IGMP to determine which nodes belong to a certain multicast group

-  ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

Question 19 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

 Address resolution protocol is a Layer 2 protocol that uses IP in Layer 3 and it operates only within its local network

Hint: use full name not acronym.

**Answer Key:** Address Resolution Protocol

Question 20 of 26

0.0/ 0.0 Points

Which statement is False about routers?

- ☐ A. Prevents certain types of traffic from getting to a network  
 ☒ B. Supports asynchronous local and remote connectivity  
☐ C. Provides high network fault tolerance through redundant components such as power supplies  
☐ D. Diagnoses internal or other connectivity problems and trigger alarms

**Answer Key:** B

Question 21 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

 IS-IS used by interior routers and border routers within autonomous systems and are often grouped according to the algorithms they use to calculate best paths.

Hint: Use acronym upper cases

**Answer Key:** IGP

Question 22 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

Which of the following statements are TRUE about Open Shortest Path First (OSPF).

- ☐ A. Introduced as an improvement to RIP.  
☐ B. Uses a more complex algorithm for determining best paths.  
☐ C. Requires more memory and CPU power than RIP, but keeps network bandwidth to a minimum .  
 ☒ D. All of the above

**Answer Key:** D

Question 23 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

netstat - displays TCP/IP statistics and details about IP components/connections on a host

-  ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

Question 24 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

NetBIOS is a Linux protocol that was once an alternative to TCP/IP

-  ☐ A. True  
☒ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

Question 25 of 26

0.0/ 1.0 Points

Linux, UNIX, Windows and OS X system use the traceroute utility to send UDP messages to a random port on the destination node (concept is the same as tracer)

-  ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** False

Question 26 of 26

1.0/ 1.0 Points

pathping is a Windows utility that combines elements of both ping and tracert to provide deeper information about network issues along a route

- ✓ ☒ A. True  
☐ B. False

**Answer Key:** True

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